

# BYLAWS OF THE TOWN OF WINCHENDON

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*Amended as of May 23, 2011*

# BYLAWS OF THE TOWN OF WINCHENDON

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## ARTICLE 1 TOWN MEETING

### SECTION 1.1: NOTICE: SERVICE OF WARRANT

Every town meeting shall be notified by posting attested copies of the warrant calling the same at the Town Hall, Library and in a public place in each precinct in Winchendon at least seven days before the Annual Town Meeting and at least fourteen days before a Special Town Meeting, and by publication of the same in a newspaper of general circulation in the Town, or by delivery of said warrant by mail, postage prepaid, to each household in the Town owned or occupied by a registered voter of the Town. Immediately upon the posting of the warrant, copies shall be provided to citizens on request and the warrant shall be posted on any Town electronic bulletin board. (Approved February 7, 1922)(Amended June 14, 1999)

### SECTION 1.2: ANNUAL ELECTION AND TOWN MEETING DATES

The annual town election shall be held on the first Monday in May. The annual town meeting for appropriating such sums of money as may be necessary for town purposes, and for transacting such other business as may legally be brought before it, shall be held no earlier than the first Monday in May and no later than the second Monday in June at a date to be determined by the Board of Selectmen

### SECTION 1.3: RULES OF TOWN MEETINGS

1. All questions submitted for the consideration of the town shall be in writing when so required by the Moderator.
2. Massachusetts General Laws specifically exempt the town meeting from the "Open Meeting Law". To ensure proper voting procedures, a person who is neither a registered voter nor a town official, shall be restricted to a clearly defined section of the hall
3. The powers and duties of the presiding officer not especially provided for by law, or this Bylaw or by the foregoing rules, shall be determined by the rules of practice contained in "Roberts Rules of Order," so far as they are adapted to the conditions and powers of the town.
4. A motion to reconsider a vote already taken, may be made only for a bona fide reason, as determined by the Moderator, such as information that was not known to the meeting at the time the vote was taken or the effect of subsequent meeting action. Passage of a motion to reconsider will require a simple majority if the action is moved within one hour of meeting time after the original vote and a two-thirds vote if moved thereafter. No vote may be reconsidered more than once.
5. On matters requiring a two-thirds vote by statute a count need not be taken. (Amended May 11,1998)

### SECTION 1.4: QUORUM (Amended 3/98)

The number of voters necessary to constitute a quorum at any town meeting shall be not less than seventy-five (75) persons then registered as voters of the Town of Winchendon; provided, however, that a number less than quorum may, from time to time, adjourn the meeting.

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## ARTICLE 2

### TOWN ADMINISTRATION, GENERAL GOVERNMENT AND ENFORCEMENT

#### SECTION 2.1: FINANCIAL YEAR

The financial year of the town shall begin with the first day of July in each year and end on the thirtieth day of the following June.

#### SECTION 2.2: WRITTEN REPORTS

All departments of the town shall annually make a written report to the Selectmen and the Selectmen shall cause the same to be printed in the Annual Town Report.

#### SECTION 2.3: PUBLICATION OF VALUATION AND TAXES

The Board of Assessors shall cause to be published annually a list of the Valuation and Taxes of the Town which will be available for public viewing at the office of the Board of Assessors.

#### SECTION 2.4: COMPENSATION

Except as provided by Massachusetts General Law, members of all appointed Boards or Committees shall serve without compensation.

#### SECTION 2.5: FEES

All Town Officers shall pay into the Town Treasury all fees received by them by virtue of their office.

#### SECTION 2.6: ACTIONS AT LAW

The Board of Selectmen shall have full authority, as agents of the town, to institute and prosecute suits in the name of the town, and appear for and defend suits brought against it.

#### SECTION 2.7: CONVEYANCING

Whenever it shall be necessary to execute any deed conveying land or any other instrument required to carry into effect any vote of the town, the same shall be executed by the Board of Selectmen or a majority of them, in behalf of the town, unless the town shall otherwise vote in any special case.

#### SECTION 2.8 : CHIEF PROCUREMENT OFFICER

Pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 30B, Section 2, of the Massachusetts General Laws, the Town Manager shall be designated and shall serve as the Chief Procurement Officer for the Town, its agencies and departments.

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(Adopted June 14, 1999) The Chief Procurement Officer is authorized to enter into contracts, leases, and other agreements for terms in excess of three years. (Sept. 30, 2002) only if said contracts, leases or other agreements are ratified by a majority vote of the Board of Selectmen.

## SECTION 2.9: CAPITAL PLANNING ADVISORY COMMITTEE

Capital Planning Advisory Committee: In concert with the Winchendon Home Rule Charter, sections 2.3.d and 5.7, the Committee shall be composed of two citizens appointed by the Board of Selectmen and one member chosen by and from each of the following boards and committees: Board of Selectmen, Finance Committee and Planning Board. The committee shall appoint a chairman. Appointments shall be completed as indicated in the Winchendon Town Charter. Vacancies shall be reported to the respective appointing authority for filling such vacancy. Each appointing authority shall give consideration to the personal qualifications of these citizens and who will best meet the responsibility of the board to represent both town employees and taxpayers. If possible, the appointees shall include citizens who are familiar with financial principles and experienced in their methods and practices. If after 30 days the board's written notification and request for reappointment is not acted upon, the board may appoint on behalf of its self. Such appointment information and qualifications shall be forwarded to the Board of Selectman.

## SECTION 2.10: NOTICE OF VACANCIES

Notice of Vacancies— Whenever a vacancy occurs in any Town agency, or in Town employment, or when by reasons of a retirement or the expiration of a fixed term of office a vacancy can be anticipated, the appointing authority shall forthwith cause public notice of the vacancy or impending vacancy to be posted on the Town bulletin board for not less than ten days. Such notice shall contain a description of the duties of the office or position and listing of the necessary or desirable qualifications for appointment to fill it. No permanent appointment to fill an office or position shall be effective until at least fourteen days shall have elapsed following the date the notice was first posted in order to permit reasonable consideration of all applicants. This section shall not apply to positions covered under the civil service law and rules or if in conflict with the terms of a collective bargaining agreement. This section shall not be construed so as to prevent the appointment of a temporary officer when the public need or good so requires.

## SECTION 2.11: BUDGET SUBMISSION

The Town Manager shall submit his proposed annual operating budget, not less than 45 days prior to the date of the Annual Town Meeting as provided in Articles 4 and 5 of the Town Charter of the Town of Winchendon, Massachusetts, the initial submission of which shall represent a balanced budget, whereby the total proposed expenditures do not exceed the total estimated revenues for the corresponding fiscal year. (June 12, 2000)

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## SECTION 2.12: TELEVISIONING OF MEETINGS

All meetings of the Board of Selectmen, Board of Health, School Committee, Planning Board, Zoning Board of Appeals, Finance Committee, and Conservation Commission shall be broadcast live over the local cable television network, unless, by a vote of two-thirds of those present and voting, because of emergency conditions or some substantial reason stated as part of the vote, the body in question suspends the requirements hereof. The meetings shall be taped/recorded and made available for a period of three months for the benefit of those who do not have Cable TV. Nothing contained in this article shall be so construed as to conflict with the requirements of M.G.L. Chapter 39, s23 et seq. (June 12, 2000)

## SECTION 2.13: COORDINATION OF TOWN GOVERNMENT

In order to provide the opportunity for the exchange of views and of information concerning the activities, plans and undertaking of the various Town agencies whose powers, duties and responsibilities are interrelated, the Board of Selectmen shall meet not less than quarterly with the School Committee, and not less than annually with the Finance Committee; the School Committee shall meet not less than quarterly with the Board of Selectmen, not less than quarterly with the Town's representative to the Regional Vocational School district, and not less than annually with the Finance Committee. In the event such meetings are not otherwise scheduled the Town Clerk shall call such meetings.

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## SECTION 2.14: NON-CRIMINAL DISPOSITION

Any bylaw of the Town of Winchendon, or rule or regulation of its officers, boards or departments, the violation of which is subject to a specific penalty, may at the discretion of the Town official who is the appropriate enforcing person, be enforced in the method provided in Section 21D of Chapter 40 of the Massachusetts General Laws. The non-criminal fine for each violation, if not otherwise specified, shall be \$25.00.

“Enforcing person” as used in this bylaw, shall mean: any Town of Winchendon police officer with respect to any offense; as well as the Building Commissioner, the Conservation Agent, the Health Agent, the Sealer of Weights and Measures, the Animal Control Officer and such other officials as the Board of Selectmen may designate, each with respect to violation of bylaws and rules and regulations within their respective jurisdictions. If more than one official has jurisdiction in a given case, any such official may be an enforcing person with respect thereto.

## SECTION 2.15: PROSECUTION UNDER THE BYLAWS

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Any citizen may, and the Selectmen, Town Manager, constables and police officers shall prosecute every violation of the foregoing Bylaws, by complaint before the District Court in the County of Worcester, or any other court having jurisdiction.

## SECTION 2.16: LIMITATION OF ACTION

No person shall be prosecuted or tried for any breach of the provisions of any bylaws of this town, unless complaint shall be instituted and commenced within six months from the time of committing such breach.

## SECTION 2.17: PENALTIES

Unless specifically provided for by special provision of any bylaw, any person, firm or corporation violating or failing to comply with any provision of the Town Bylaws, including the Zoning Bylaws, shall be fined not less than \$1.00 nor more than \$50 for each offense; and a separate offense shall be deemed committed on each day during or on which a violation occurs or continues. (1967)

SECTION 2.18: Any words used throughout these bylaws which impart the masculine gender shall be interpreted to include the feminine gender. (Adopted May 20, 1991)

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## ARTICLE 3 FINANCE COMMITTEE

SECTION 3.1 There shall be a Finance Committee, appointed by the Moderator, consisting of seven voters appointed for terms of three years each, which terms shall expire on June 30 and shall be so arranged that the terms of as nearly an equal number of members as is possible shall expire each year. No person shall be eligible to membership who shall have the care, custody or expenditure of town funds, or the care, custody or disposal of town property, either as a town officer or member of any other committee, or an agent of such officer or committee.

SECTION 3.2: It shall be the duty of the Committee to investigate the financial affairs of the town, including receipts of and expenditures by the different departments, or any Town Officer; the methods in which the town business is conducted; the general conduct of the town affairs; and all the articles in town warrants for town meetings referred to it; and, in the discharge of its duties, shall have free access to all books of accounts, books of record and all accounts, bills, and vouchers on which money has been or may be paid from the town treasury. All articles that may hereafter be inserted in warrants for any town meetings, excepting articles for the choice of officers, are hereby referred to the Finance Committee.

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SECTION 3.3: The Committee shall hold at least one public hearing to consider the articles in the warrant for each town meeting. The Selectmen shall, upon the closing of the warrant, notify the Finance Committee of its intention and the date thereof by letter; and the citizens of the town by a posting on the town hall bulletin board of the subject matter of each of the articles that may be included therein, even if such is not yet in final form. A copy thereof shall be provided to any citizen on request. The Finance Committee upon receiving notice of the town meeting and after consultation with the Town Manager shall give at least five days notice of the required hearing by publication in a local newspaper. The required hearing shall be held no sooner than the fifth day following the closing of the warrant and no later than the day preceding the town meeting. Failure to comply with the requirements of this section shall not invalidate a special or annual town meeting called in accordance with the provisions of Section 1.1 and G.L. c 39, s. 10.

SECTION 3.4: The Committee shall report its recommendations on the articles in the warrant by including them in the mailed warrant for the town meeting or by a written document given to the voters at town meeting or verbally at the beginning of the consideration of each article. It may also report to the town meeting on any matters that it deems appropriate under an article for committee reports or a special article, if such is included in the warrant.

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## ARTICLE 4 BOARD OF HEALTH

There shall be a Board of Health, chosen as stated in the charter, consisting of five members serving for terms of three years each, which terms shall expire on June 30 and shall be so arranged that as nearly an equal number of members as is possible shall expire each year.

The Board of Health shall have all the powers and duties conferred upon Boards of Health by General Laws and it shall have such additional powers and duties as may be authorized by the Charter, by Bylaw, or by other town meeting vote.

## ARTICLE 5 COUNCIL ON AGING

SECTION 5.1: There shall be a Council on Aging consisting of not less than seven (7) nor more than eleven (11) members to be appointed by the Board of Selectmen. The members shall be appointed for terms of three

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years to expire on June 30 and shall be so arranged that the terms of as nearly an equal number of members as is possible shall expire each year. The members of the Council shall be chosen from interested and representative groups in the Town.

SECTION 5.2: It shall be the duty of the Council to formulate and carry out programs designed to meet problems of the aging in coordination with programs of the Massachusetts Commission on Aging established under Massachusetts General Laws, Chapter 40, Section 8B.

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## ARTICLE 6 GRAVEL AND SOIL REMOVAL

(Revised 10-20-1997)

### SECTION 6.1: PURPOSE

The purpose of this section is to protect the Town's natural resources due to the uncontrolled removal or redistribution of soils and earth materials. Unless otherwise provided for in this bylaw, this section shall not apply to the removal of less than nineteen (19) cubic yards of material from a lot for non-commercial purposes for maintenance or improvement of the lot or for excavation done in connection with the construction of a building or structure for which a valid building permit has been issued. This bylaw shall not apply to the removal of earth materials if required for constructing public ways or for constructing private ways and services in accordance with a subdivision plan approved or endorsed by the Planning Board, or in connection with the installation of a septic system approved by the Health Agent.

### SECTION 6.2: GENERAL PROVISIONS

- A. Excavation, removal, stripping, or mining of any earth material or soil except as hereinafter permitted on any parcel of land, public or private, in Winchendon is prohibited without a permit from the Board of Selectmen.
- B. All earth removal operations in existence in Winchendon on the effective date of this section shall be subject to the requirements stated herein.
- C. An annual fee of One hundred dollars (\$100.00) or as determined by the Board of Selectmen shall be required for an earth removal permit.

### SECTION 6.3: APPLICATION FOR SOIL, ROCK AND GRAVEL REMOVAL

All applicants for a Soil, Rock and Gravel Removal Permit must, at a minimum, submit the following materials to the Board of Selectmen:

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- A. A plan or plans to scale, (1" = 40') prepared and stamped by a Registered Engineer and a Registered Land Surveyor, and subdivided into five acre lots showing the property lines of the parcel of land under consideration along with all abutters to the property, existing and final contours in two foot (2') elevation increments, existing and proposed final drainage of the site, including all culverts, streams, ponds, swamps, and siltation basins, and all wetlands pursuant to MGL Ch. 131, Sec. 40, means of entrance and egress from the property, locus map, and any other pertinent data deemed necessary by the Board of Selectmen.
- B. A complete list of the names and addresses of current abutters of the property where such removal is proposed.
- C. An operation schedule showing the active area (not to exceed five (5) acres) where the removal will begin and also how the total parcel will be developed in progressive five (5) acre increments.
- D. The full legal name and address of the owner of record, the operator of the removal operation and of the applicant.

## SECTION 6.4: CONDITIONS

- A. Board of Selectmen may issue Soil, Rock and Gravel Removal Permits, and impose conditions thereon, in any location in which such use is allowed under the zoning by-law. If a special permit or variance from the Board of Appeals and/or Planning Board is necessary for said use, said zoning relief must have been obtained and (1) the appeal period has expired without the filing of an appeal or (2) any appeal filed has been resolved so that the zoning relief is upheld.
- B. All permits issued by the Board of Selectmen shall incorporate by reference any conditions imposed in any grant of zoning relief applicable to the site. No permit from the Board of Selectmen shall be deemed to override or supersede such zoning relief. The grant of a permit issued by the Board of Selectmen shall be an additional requirement which must be obtained prior to the commencement of the use or, for a use already in progress, upon the effective date of this by-law (January 1, 1998, or upon approval of the by-law by the Attorney General and publication as required by law, whichever is later).
- C. Said permit shall allow the working of only five (5) acres at any one time. No removal of material may take place within 300 feet of a street or way, nor within 100 feet of the high water mark of any natural water course, nor within 100 feet of a lot line. Soil may be disturbed within these established boundaries if it is considered part of the site restoration work.
- D. The Board of Selectmen shall issue the permit for one (1) year. The Board may make the permit renewable for up to four (4) additional one (1) year terms; provided that any renewal for a one year term will only be allowed if: (1) the permit holder has complied with all terms and conditions of the Selectmen's permit and any special permit applicable to the operation; (2) the permit holder has paid all license fees on time. In any case, the Selectmen's permit may not extend past the expiration date of any applicable special permit.

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## SECTION 6.5: STANDARDS FOR REMOVAL AND RESTORATION

If the operation for which a permit is sought is subject to a special permit, all conditions contained in said special permit shall be part of the Selectmen's permit. The Board of Selectmen may impose additional conditions as long as said conditions do not conflict with conditions of the special permit.

If the special permit contains no conditions, the Board of Selectmen shall impose conditions as to the following:

- A. Hours of operation, access limitations, safety precautions.
- B. Slopes, grades allowed in active area.
- C. Tree and stump removal, buffer zones, screening.
- D. Road maintenance/repair/restoration
- E. Site restoration

## SECTION 6.6: SECURITY REQUIREMENTS

Upon approval of a permit, the applicant shall file with the Town Treasurer a bond or deposit of money in a form approved by the Board of Selectmen and Town Counsel in the minimum amount of five thousand dollars (\$5,000) per acre to be excavated, or other amount as deemed appropriate by the Board of Selectmen. After completion of the total project, and at the applicant's written request, the Board may grant a partial release of any security posted by the applicant. One (1) year after such a partial release is granted and if in the opinion of the Board of Appeals no damage or deterioration to the finished project has developed, the Board will issue a final release of the security. If, during the year following the date of a partial release, slumping, gullyng, erosion, or any other unsatisfactory condition appears, the applicant shall be responsible for and shall make any necessary repairs before final release of security is granted. If the applicant fails to make such repairs, the Board may cause the work to be done using the bond or deposit. Any bonding agent shall be required to give the Board, by Registered or Certified Mail, a sixty (60) day notice prior to any termination or cancellation of the bond.

## SECTION 6.7: ENFORCEMENT

- A. The permit shall be considered a non-transferable revocable permit to remove earth materials. If it is found that incorrect information was submitted in the application, or that conditions of the permit are being violated, or that the governing regulations are not being followed, the permit shall be suspended until all provisions have been met and a plan to remedy violations submitted to and approved by the Board of Selectmen. Failure of the permit holder to comply within any time specified by the Board of Selectmen for correction of violations shall cause the permit to be revoked.
- B. Fines may be imposed for the violation of any of the terms and conditions of the permit. Fines shall be \$100 for the first offense and \$200 for the second and any subsequent offenses or the maximum allowed by law. The terms and conditions of the permit may be enforced by the Board of Selectmen, Town Manager, or Building Commissioner.

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## ARTICLE 7 HIGHWAY AND POLICE REGULATIONS

SECTION 7.1: No building shall be removed over a public street without the written permission of the Selectmen.

SECTION 7.2: The owner of such building, or the person or persons removing the same, shall give bond in such penal sum and with such sureties as the Selectmen shall determine, with conditions to reimburse the town for all sums of money which it may be liable or compelled to pay in consequence of such use of the highway.

SECTION 7.3: No persons except the Selectmen or the town officers having charge of highways, in the lawful performance of their duties, or of those acting under their orders, shall break or dig up ground in any street or public way in the town, without first obtaining a written permit from the Selectmen; and all persons acting under such permit shall put up and maintain suitable railing or fence around the part of the street so broken up, so long as the same shall remain unsafe or inconvenient for travelers, and post such bond as the Selectmen may require to secure the proper completion of such work keep one or more lights, reflective barrels, or other such devices placed around the sections dug up so long as such street or way shall be or remain unsafe of inconvenient; and post such bond as the Selectmen may require to secure the proper completion of such work. (Amended May 20, 1991)

SECTION 7.4: No person shall ride or drive a horse in any street or way in the town at a rate faster than eight miles an hour.

SECTION 7.5 : No person shall use any Town sidewalk to propel, drive, wheel or haul any self-propelled or motorized vehicles. This shall include, but is not limited to bicycles, tricycles, carts, roller skates, or skateboards so as to impede pedestrian traffic. Carriages, strollers, motorized wheelchairs, or similar equipment used for the transportation of infants, the elderly, or disabled persons are exempt. Livestock shall not be driven over, tethered, or otherwise allowed to obstruct any town sidewalk. (Amended May 20, 1991)

SECTION 7.6 : No person shall hitch or fasten any horse to any ornamental tree standing or growing on or near any sidewalk, or to the boxing or guard about said tree without the consent of the owner thereof.

SECTION 7.7 : No person shall, without a written license from the Board of Selectmen, place or cause to be placed, or suffer to remain within the limits of a street or upon any sidewalk, any obstruction whatsoever. Any person who is licensed to place a construction lean-to or similar temporary structure on or partly on a town

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sidewalk so that the remaining sidewalk is less than five feet in width shall be responsible for prompt removal of snow or any other material which obstructs the remaining sidewalk. The Board of Selectmen may temporarily prohibit vehicle parking next to such a construction area. They may also require the licensee to install temporary ramps or other structures so as to allow persons with disabilities to negotiate the area.

SECTION 7.8: Loud crying of wares or merchandise, or hallooing, hooting, or making loud and unseemly noises, or distributing handbills or other papers, on public street or square of the town, to the annoyance of the citizens, is prohibited.

SECTION 7.9: No persons shall behave in a rude, indecent, or disorderly manner, or use profane, indecent or insulting language in any public place or on any sidewalk or street in the town, to the disturbance of any other person there being or passing in a peaceful manner, or be, or remain upon any sidewalk, street or crossing, or about doorways or places of business, to the annoyance or disturbance of any person.

SECTION 7.10: Three or more persons shall not continue to stand or remain in a group, near to each other, on any sidewalk or street or crossing, or in any public place, in such a manner as to obstruct a free passage for foot passengers, after having been requested to move on.

SECTION 7.11: No persons shall be or remain in any doorway or upon any stairs, door-step, portico, or other projection, from any house or building, or upon any wall or fence on or near any street or public place after having been requested by the owner or occupant of the premises or by any constable or police officer to remove therefrom.

SECTION 7.12: No person shall make any figure, or write, paint, print or cut any word or words upon or deface any public property or property of another.

SECTION 7.13: No persons shall extinguish any street light, or extinguish or remove any light placed to denote any obstruction or a defect in any street or way, without proper authority.

Section 7.14: Sledding on any of the public streets of the town is prohibited.

## SECTION 7.15: REPAIR OF PRIVATE WAYS

Upon receipt of a petition signed by a majority of the abutters on a private way, or by ten such abutters, whichever number shall be the lesser, the Town Manager, with the recommendation of the DPW Superintendent shall make a determination whether temporary repairs are required by public necessity. If it is determined that such repairs are necessary the Town shall make the same which shall be limited to the filling of holes in the subsurface of such ways and repair to the surface materials thereof except that drainage facilities may be provided or improved where public safety requires the same. These provisions shall not be applicable to any private way which shall not have

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been open to public use for a period of at least six consecutive years. The Town shall not be liable for damage caused by such repairs to any greater extent than if such work was done on a public way.

## SECTION 7.16: REMOVAL OR TRIMMING OF TREES

Whenever the Town shall remove or trim trees and other vegetation located within the highway limits or on land of an adjoining owner, the materials so removed shall become the property of said owner, or if the owner indicates he does not want said materials, the department responsible for its cutting shall dispose of the same by public sale or sealed bid after giving at least seven days notice of such sale by posting at the Town Hall, except that if the value of the material shall be estimated to be less than fifty dollars, it may be sold, or otherwise disposed of, without such notice and in such manner as the department may determine.

## SECTION 7.17: STREET NAMES AND NUMBERS

Street numbers shall be attached to each dwelling, business, industry and other building in the Town of Winchendon.

The number shall be made of permanent, weather-proof materials, in a color contrasting with the background, shall be at least three (3) inches in height, and shall be clearly visible from the street or roadway upon which the structure fronts.

Any structure that is not visible from the street or roadway shall have the assigned number posted on a suitable support at the entrance to the driveway that services such structure.

The numbers posted shall be those assigned to each structure by the Planning Board . The Planning Board shall advise the owners of the property of any changed number in writing within thirty days. If a building has not had a number assigned to it, the Planning Board will do so within thirty days after the request. The board shall send copies of any such notice to the town clerk, the assessors, the police department, the fire department and the building commissioner in case of changes or new assignments of numbers to existing structures.

It shall be the responsibility of each property owner in the Town of Winchendon to obtain, display and maintain the assigned street number.

This bylaw shall be enforced by the Police Department. Failure to comply with this bylaw shall subject property owners to a fine of twenty five dollars (\$25) for each offense. Each day shall constitute a separate offense.

The names of all new or existing ways, whether public or private, shall be approved by the planning board. No sign which appears to indicate a street name shall be placed or remain so as to mark any street, way, or driveway with a name other than that approved by the planning board for that street or way.

If the planning board feels the name of any existing street or way, public or private, is so similar to that of another way that the similarity may lead to confusion particularly in the dispatch of emergency personnel, or

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that the numbering of the properties on such a way is likely to cause confusion to persons seeking a particular address, the board may propose to change the name or numbering of such street or way and hold a public hearing thereon. Notice of the hearing shall be given by publication once in each of two successive weeks in a local newspaper the first publication to be at least fourteen days before the hearing, by posting a copy on the town hall bulletin board at least fourteen days before the hearing, and by mailing a notice thereof to each household/business likely to be affected thereby as shown by the most recent street listing. If, after the hearing, the board finds the public safety and convenience so require, it shall order the change, forthwith file a copy of the order effecting the change in the office of the town clerk, and cause a copy thereof to be filed in the Worcester registry of deeds. Copies of the order shall be provided to the assessors, the police department, the fire department, the Department of Public Works, and the building commissioner. If a street name is changed, the Department of Public Works shall, within thirty days, place street signs showing the new street or way at each intersection with another street. If the street affected is not a public way, the cost of such signs may be assessed upon the owner of the way.

## SECTION 7.18 WINTER BAN

Parking is prohibited on all public ways between the hours of 11:00 p.m. and 6:00 a.m., annually from November 15<sup>th</sup> through April 15<sup>th</sup>. (June 12, 2000)

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## ARTICLE 9 REGULATING CEMETERY TRUST FUNDS

SECTION 9.1: The Town of Winchendon may take and hold any gift, grant, donation, or bequest of any money or property upon trust, and apply the same, or the income thereof, for the improvement or embellishment of any cemetery or burial place in said town, or for the preservation or renewal of any monument, fence or other erection, or for the planting and cultivation of any trees, shrubs or plants, in or around any lot or for improving any cemetery or burial place, or either of them in any manner and form consistent with the purposes for which said gift, grant, donation, or bequest may have been made.

SECTION 9.2: Whenever any such gift, grant, donation or bequest shall be made to the Town by the owner of any lot or lots in any burial ground or cemetery in the Town for the repair, preservation or embellishment of any such lot or lots, or the erections thereon, the Town, acting through the Town Manager, shall give to such owner, or his legal representatives, an agreement or obligation in such form as to bind the Town, to preserve and keep in repair such lots forever, or for such term and in such manner as may be designated by the grantor, to the extent of the income of such gift, grant, donation or bequest.

SECTION 9.3: Any sum or sums of money so received by the Town, shall be invested in any securities in which the Town may invest under applicable law, as determined by the Town Collector/Treasurer, unless

# BYLAWS OF THE TOWN OF WINCHENDON

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otherwise provided for by the terms of such gift, grant, donation, or bequest and the income thereof may, subject to town meeting appropriation, be expended in such manner as shall, in the opinion of the Town Manager or his designee, best promote the purposes for which such gift, grant, donation, or bequest shall have been made. Nothing herein contained shall be held to prevent the deposit of all such funds in a single account.

SECTION 9.4: The Town shall maintain a record of the names of each person making any such gift, grant, donation or bequest, together with the date of the same, the number of the lot or lots owned by such person and the identity of the fund or account in which the same shall be invested.

SECTION 9.5: The Town Treasurer shall at all times be the custodian of the funds, and the income thereof, and shall keep proper records thereof and pay out such funds in accordance with the provisions of the law relating to town expenditures

## **ARTICLE 10 PERSONNEL ADMINISTRATION**

The Town Manager is responsible for all Town personnel and its administration consistent with MGL, Charter and Town By laws.

## **ARTICLE 11 WATER DEPARTMENT ASSESSMENTS**

Special assessments may be levied to meet the whole or part of the cost incurred of laying pipes in public and private ways for the conveyance of distribution of water to the inhabitants of the Town of Winchendon. An owner of land which receives benefit from the laying of water pipes in public or private ways upon which his land abuts shall pay such proportionate part of the cost, not already assessed, of extending such water supply to his land as may be determined by the Board of Selectmen. The amount to be charged against each parcel of land receiving such benefit shall include the cost of pipes and other material and of the labor in laying them and other expenses incidental thereto and shall be ascertained, assessed and certified by the Board of Selectmen of the Town of Winchendon. Assessment for the cost of providing and laying water pipes in public and private ways shall be made upon the several parcels of land receiving benefits from the laying of such pipes by a fixed uniform rate based upon the estimated average cost of all the water pipes therein and the laying thereof according to the frontage of such land on any way on which a water pipe is laid. Whenever the Town votes to lay water pipes in public and private ways, and to make assessments for the construction of such improvement, the Board of

# BYLAWS OF THE TOWN OF WINCHENDON

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Selectmen shall forthwith cause to be recorded in the Worcester District Registry of Deeds a statement of the vote adopted by the Town specifying the ways in which such water pipes are to be laid, and the estimated assessment per foot of frontage of land abutting thereon. No assessment shall be levied in excess of the benefit to the land assessed from the laying of the water pipes for which the assessment is levied or in excess of the estimate as recorded in the Registry of Deeds. The Board of Selectmen may extend the time of payment of the assessment in accordance with the provisions of General Laws, Chapter 80, and if the order for assessment is upon land not built upon, shall extend the time of payment of the assessment and interest thereon at the rate of 4% per annum until said land is built upon for a fixed time, and the assessment and interest shall be paid within three months after such land is built upon or at the expiration of such fixed period.

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## ARTICLE 12 REGULATION OF WATER CRAFT

The Board of Selectmen may make rules and regulations for the operation of water craft upon the rivers and lakes located in the town, to the end that such water craft shall not be operated in a manner which endangers the safety of the public or is detrimental or injurious to the neighborhood or to the value of property therein, and provide penalties for the violation of such rules and regulations.

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## ARTICLE 13 JUNK DEALERS: SECOND HAND ARTICLES

(May 21, 2007)  
(Revised May 23, 2011)

SECTION 13.1: The Board of Selectmen may license suitable persons to be collectors of, dealers in, or keepers of shops for the purchase, sale or barter of junk, old metals or second hand articles, pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 140 of the General Laws of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

SECTION 13.2: All such licenses may be revoked for cause after a hearing and shall expire on December 31<sup>st</sup> of each year.

SECTION 13.3: Every keeper of a shop for the purchase, sale or barter of junk, old metal or second hand articles shall keep a book in which shall be written at the time of every purchase of any such article, a description thereof, the name, age and residence of the person from whom, and the day and hour when such purchase was made. All items purchased shall be photographed, itemized with descriptions and markings along

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with serial and model numbers if applicable. Such books shall at all times be open to the inspection of any police officer of the town, or of any person authorized by the Board of Selectmen to make such inspection. Every shop keeper shall obtain a valid identification card and make a photocopy of same, to be attached to the sale either by name, number or receipt of the seller.

SECTION 13.4: Every keeper of such shop shall put in a suitable and conspicuous place on his shop, a sign having his name and occupation legibly inscribed thereon in letters at least two inches high. Such shop and all articles of merchandise therein, and any place, vehicle or receptacle used for the collection or keeping of the articles aforesaid may be examined at all times by any police officer of the town, or by any person authorized by the Board of Selectmen to make such examination. Every such shop shall be closed except from 7:00 o'clock a.m. to 9:00 o'clock p.m. of each day, and no keeper thereof and no junk collector shall purchase or sell any of the articles aforesaid during such hours.

SECTION 13.5: No dealer in junk, old metals or second hand articles shall directly or indirectly purchase or receive by way of barter or exchange such goods, or allow such goods to be deposited upon or within his premises, shop or vehicle, by any minor, knowing or having reason to believe him to be such.

SECTION 13.6: No dealer in junk, old metals or second-hand articles shall sell any items within thirty days of purchase.

SECTION 13.7: No dealer in junk, old metals or second-hand articles shall carry on his business in any other place than that designated for his license, unless a consent to his removal be granted by the Board of Selectmen.

SECTION 13.8 Dealers shall forward (hand deliver or Email) an itemized list of all transactions, including all pertinent seller information to the Winchendon Police Department once a week

Comment [S1]: Accepted atm5/23/11

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## ARTICLE 14 UNUSED OR UNREGISTERED MOTOR VEHICLES

SECTION 14.1: No unregistered motor vehicle, except those on the premises of a licensed dealer of motor vehicles who is actively engaged in promoting its business, or any motor vehicle parts shall be parked, kept or stored within 100 feet of a public way or within 50 feet of a property line, except within a garage, barn or other completely enclosed structure so that said vehicle or part(s) are not visible from public ways or property lines.

SECTION 14.2(a): Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions, the Town Manager may, after investigation by the Police Department, and upon the payment of a fee to be determined by the Board of Selectmen, issue a permit for

# BYLAWS OF THE TOWN OF WINCHENDON

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the storage of one motor vehicle which does not comply with the above requirements, where at least one of the following applies:

1. The vehicle is owned by a college student; upon verification of enrollment, a one year renewable permit.
2. For racing cars; upon verification of the owner's membership in a racing association, a one-year permit;
3. For antique cars, as defined by the Registry of Motor Vehicles, a one-year renewable permit;
4. For motor vehicles in the process of being restored, a one-year renewable permit;
5. For persons in active military service or in attendance at a military school or academy, a permit for the duration of such service or attendance without the payment of any fee;
6. For a motor vehicle used as a source of spare parts for another motor vehicle belonging to the same owner, for such period of time as the Town Manager may prescribe, but not to exceed one year and to be non-renewable.

SECTION 14.2(b): In each case where a permit is granted under Section 14.2(a) the Town Manager shall set forth appropriate conditions for the storage of said vehicles or parts, taking into consideration the nature of the neighborhood, lot size, proximity of proposed storage location to nearby public ways and property lines, availability of garages or other structures for storage, and appropriate screening devices such as fencing or shrubbery.

SECTION 14.2(c): If the applicant is 65 years of age or over, any fee may be waived at the discretion of the Town Manager.

SECTION 14.2(d): Nothing contained herein shall be applicable to (1) a motor vehicle used exclusively for agriculture, or (2) a motor vehicle used for construction purposes where said vehicles are temporarily parked or stored on the property while said construction is being performed.

SECTION 14.3: Any violation of the provisions of this bylaw shall be subject to a fine of not more than \$50.00 for each offense. Each day such violation is committed or continues shall constitute a separate offense.

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## ARTICLE 15 HISTORIC DISTRICT

Establishing a Historic District and an Historic District Commission under the provisions of Chapter 40C, General Laws, as amended by Chapter 359 of the Acts of 1971.

### SECTION 15.1: PREAMBLE

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# BYLAWS OF THE TOWN OF WINCHENDON

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The purpose of this bylaw is to promote the educational, cultural, economic, and general welfare of the public in keeping with the provisions of the General Laws of the Commonwealth, Chapter 40C, as amended, through the preservation and protection of the distinctive outward appearance and characteristics of buildings and places significant in the history of the town; through maintenance of the appearances and settings of such buildings and places; and through the encouragement of design and construction compatible therewith.

## SECTION 15.2: LOCATION OF DISTRICT

There is hereby established an Historic District in that part of Winchendon known as "Winchendon Centre", hereinafter called "Winchendon Centre Historic District", under the provisions of General Laws, Chapter 40C, as amended, bounded and described as follows: 1. Commencing at an iron pipe on the west side of High Street on the north boundary of land now owned by Omer J. Dionne; 2. Thence southerly along a stone wall, crossing the road leading to the hospital and continuing to a point north of the First Congregational Church; 3. Thence westerly along same stone wall to a corner and thence southerly to a corner; and thence westerly along the wall to a corner; and thence southerly along same stone wall to a junction in the wall SW of a house now owned by Marshall Smith; 4. Thence westerly along a stone wall to the NW corner of the Day House lot; 5. Thence southerly along the west boundary of the Day House lot and continuing on the same line across Hale Street to the end of a stone wall located on the east side of the Baldwinville Road and being the north boundary wall on land owned now or formerly by Marshall Smith; 6. Thence S74 E, 189 feet along aforesaid stone wall to a junction in the wall on land owned now or formerly of Ralph G. Diehl; 7. Thence easterly to the junction of Teel Road and Cummings Road to an iron stake located on the north side of Teel Road and on land owned now or formerly by Mary L. Diehl; 8. Thence northerly to the SE corner of the old town cemetery; 9. Thence northerly along the stone wall east boundary of the old town cemetery to the NE corner of the same cemetery; 10. Thence northerly to an iron stake on the east side of a barn owned by James J. Hunt, Jr., and located on the former Hall farm; 11. Thence northwesterly to a bar way in a stone wall on the east side of Hall Road, and north of James J. Hunt, Jr. house; 12. Thence southerly along the west side of Hall Road to a stone wall on the north boundary of the Old Training Ground; 13. Thence westerly along the stone wall to a junction of the wall along a stone wall on land of William D. Brown to a corner in the wall; 14. Thence westerly along the wall to a point on the east side of High Street; 15. Thence southerly along the west side of High Street to a point of beginning. The foregoing metes and bounds are shown on a map entitled "Winchendon Centre Historic District, Established 1974" filed with the Town Clerk, and the Worcester County Registry of Deeds.

Said map is designated as the map required for filing in accordance with the fourth paragraph of Section 3 of said Chapter 40C, as amended. The sources of said map are United States Geological Survey, Winchendon Quadrangle, 1954, and on site survey of November, 1972.

## SECTION 15.3: POWERS, DUTIES AND AUTHORITY

a. There is hereby established an Historic District Commission, hereinafter called "The Commission", under the provisions of General Laws, Chapter 40C, as amended, It shall also have the powers and duties of an historical commission as provided in M.G.L. Chapter 40, section 8D and Chapter 40C, Section 14. It shall

# BYLAWS OF THE TOWN OF WINCHENDON

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consist of five (5) members, and two (2) alternate members, appointed by the Board of Selectmen. Before making any appointment, the Board of Selectmen shall in writing request the names of two (2) nominees from the Winchendon Historic Society, Inc., two (2) nominees from the Chapter of the American Institute of Architect covering Winchendon; and two (2) nominees from the Board of Realtors covering Winchendon. One appointment shall be made from the two (2) nominees named by each such organization. If any such organization shall fail to name two (2) nominees within thirty (30) days of such request, the Board of Selectmen may make the appointment without nomination from such organization. The remaining appointments may be made without nomination from any independent organization. At least one or more members so appointed shall be a resident of, or owner of, property within the Historic District. The terms of three (3) years will be so arranged that as equal a number as possible will expire each year. Their successors shall be appointed in like manner for terms of three (3) years. The filling of vacancies in the membership of the Commission, designation of alternate members to serve as required, and the election of officers shall be in accordance with the provisions of General Laws, Chapter 40C, as amended.

b. The authority of the Commission shall not extend to the review of any of the categories of buildings, structures, or external architectural features in the District set out in items one through seven of Section 8A of Chapter 40C, as amended.

c. The Commission shall have all the powers and perform all the duties conferred and imposed on Historic District Commissions by the General Laws of the Commonwealth.

d. In accordance with Section 16 of the General Laws, Chapter 40C, as amended, the Commission shall have the powers and duties of an Historical Commission as provided by General Laws, Chapter 40, Section 8D.

e. The Commission shall adopt rules and regulations for the conduct of its business not inconsistent with the provisions of General Laws, Chapter 40C, as amended, and may, subject to appropriation, employ clerical and technical assistance of consultants and may accept money gifts and expend same for such purposes.

f. In case any section, paragraph, or part of this bylaw be for any reason declared invalid or unconstitutional by any court of last resort, every other section, paragraph, or part shall continue in full force and effect.

# BYLAWS OF THE TOWN OF WINCHENDON

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## ARTICLE 16 PRESERVATION OF HISTORICALLY SIGNIFICANT BUILDINGS

### SECTION 16.1: INTENT AND PURPOSE

This bylaw is enacted for the purpose of preserving and protecting significant buildings within the town which constitute or reflect distinctive features of the architectural, cultural, economic, political or social history of the town and to limit the detrimental effect of demolition on the character of the town. Through this bylaw, owners of preferably preserved buildings are encouraged to seek out alternative options that will preserve, rehabilitate or restore such buildings and residents of the town are alerted to impending demolitions of significant buildings. By preserving and protecting significant buildings, streetscapes and neighborhoods, this bylaw promotes the public welfare by making the town a more attractive and desirable place in which to live and work. To achieve these purposes the Historical Commission is authorized to advise the Building Commissioner with respect to demolition permit applications. The issuance of demolition permits is regulated as provided by this bylaw.

### SECTION 16.2: DEFINITIONS

1. Applicant—Any person or entity who files an application for a demolition permit. If the applicant is not the owner of the premises upon which the building is situated, the owner must indicate on or with the application his/her assent to the filing of the application.
2. Application—An application for the demolition of a building.
3. Building—Any combination of materials forming a shelter for persons, animals or property.
4. Building Commissioner—The person occupying the office of Building Commissioner or otherwise authorized to issue demolition permits.
5. The Winchendon Historical Commission or its designee.
6. Demolition—Any act of pulling down, destroying, removing, dismantling or razing a building or commencing the work of total or substantial destruction with the intent of completing the same.
7. Demolition Permit—The building permit issued by the Building Inspector for a demolition of a building, excluding a building permit issued solely for the demolition of the interior of a building.
8. Preferably Preserved—Any significant building which the Commission determines, following a public hearing, that it is in the public interest to be preserved rather than demolished. A preferably preserved building is subject to the twelve-month demolition delay period of this bylaw.
9. Significant Building—Any building within the town which is in whole or in part fifty years or more old and which has been determined by the Commission or its designee to be significant based on any of the following criteria:
  1. The building is listed on, or is within an area listed, the National Register of Historic Places; or
  2. The building has been found eligible for the National Register of Historic Places; or

# BYLAWS OF THE TOWN OF WINCHENDON

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3. The building is importantly associated with one or more historic persons or events, or with the broad architectural, cultural, political, economic or social history of the Town or the Commonwealth; or
4. The building is historically or architecturally important (in terms of period, style, method of building construction or association with a recognized architect or builder) either by itself or in the context of a group of buildings.

## SECTION 16.3: PROCEDURE

No demolition permit for a building which is in whole, or in part, fifty years or more old shall be issued without following the provisions of this bylaw. If a building is of unknown age, it shall be assumed that the building is over 50 years old for the purposes of this bylaw.

An applicant proposing to demolish a building subject to this bylaw shall file with the Building Commissioner an application containing the following information:

1. The address of the building to be demolished.
2. The owner's name, address and telephone number.
3. A description of the building.
4. The reason for requesting a demolition permit.
5. A brief description of the proposed reuse, reconstruction, or replacement.
6. A photograph or photographs of the building.

The Building Commissioner shall within seven days forward a copy of the application to the Commission. The Commission shall within fifteen days after receipt of the application, make a written determination of whether the building is significant.

Upon determination by the Commission that the building is not significant, the Commission shall so notify the Building Commissioner and applicant in writing. The Building Commissioner may proceed to issue the demolition permit.

Upon determination by the Commission that the building is significant, the Commission shall so notify the Building Commissioner and the applicant in writing. No demolition permit may be issued at this time. If the Commission does not notify the Building Commissioner within fifteen days of receipt of the application, the Building Commissioner may proceed to issue the demolition permit.

If the Commission finds that the building is significant, it shall hold a public hearing within thirty days of the written notification to the Building Commissioner. Public notice of the time, place and purpose of the hearing shall be posted in a conspicuous place in town hall for a period of not less than seven days prior to the date of said hearing and the applicant and the building inspector shall be notified in writing of the meeting time and place.

# BYLAWS OF THE TOWN OF WINCHENDON

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The Commission shall decide at a public hearing or within fourteen days after the public hearing whether the building should be preferably preserved. If agreed to in writing by the applicant, the determination of the Commission may be postponed.

If the Commission determines that the building is not preferably preserved, the Commission shall so notify the Building Commissioner and applicant in writing. The Building Commissioner may then issue the demolition permit.

If the Commission determines that the building is preferably preserved, the Commission shall notify the Building Commissioner and applicant in writing. No demolition permit may then be issued for a period of twelve months from the date of the determination unless otherwise agreed to by the Commission. If the Commission does not so notify the Building Commissioner in writing within twenty-one days of the public hearing, the Building Commissioner may issue the demolition permit.

If the Commission determines that the building is preferably preserved, the Commission shall notify the Building Commissioner and applicant in writing. No demolition permit may then be issued for a period of twelve months from the date of the determination unless otherwise agreed to by the Commission. If the Commission does not so notify the Building Commissioner in writing within twenty-one days of the public hearing, the Building Commissioner may issue the demolition permit.

Upon a determination by the Commission that any building which is the subject of an application is a preferably preserved building, no building permit for new construction or alterations on the premises shall be issued for a period of twelve months from the date of the determination unless otherwise agreed to by the Commission.

No permit for demolition of a building determined to be a preferably preserved building shall be granted until all plans for future use and development of the site have been filed with the Building Commissioner and have been found to comply with all laws pertaining to the issuance of a building permit or if for a parking lot or vacant lot, a site plan review shall be required, or if for a vacant lot use, until plans been filed with the Building Commissioner showing the vacant lot use and detailing the plans to remove or fill any foundation or other subsurface structure, including sanitary septic components, wells, and dry wells, and including proper regarding of the site. All approvals necessary for the issuance of a building permit or certificate of occupancy including without limitation any necessary zoning variances or special permits, must be granted and all appeals from the granting of such approvals must be concluded, prior to the issuance of a demolition permit under this section.

The Building Commissioner may issue a demolition permit or a building permit for a preferably preserved building within the twelve months if the Commission notifies the Building Commissioner in writing that the Commission finds that the intent and purpose of this bylaw is served even with the issuance of the demolition permit or the building permit.

Following the twelve month delay period, the Building Commissioner may issue the demolition permit.

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## SECTION 16.4: ADMINISTRATION

The Commission may adopt such rules and regulations as are necessary to administer the terms of this bylaw. The Commission is authorized to adopt a schedule or reasonable fees to cover the costs associated with the administration of this bylaw. The Commission may delegate authority to make initial determinations of significance to one or more members of the Commission or to a municipal employee. The Commission may proactively develop a list of significant buildings that will be subject to this bylaw. Buildings proposed for the significant building list shall be added following a public hearing.

## SECTION 16.5: EMERGENCY DEMOLITION

If after an inspection, the Building Commissioner finds that a building subject to this bylaw poses an immediate threat to public health or safety due to its deteriorated condition and that there is no reasonable alternative to the immediate demolition of the building or structure, then the Building Commissioner may issue an emergency demolition permit to the owner building and the basis for his decision which shall be forwarded to the Commission.

## SECTION 16.6: ENFORCEMENT AND REMEDIES

The Commission and/or the Building Commissioner are each specifically authorized to institute any and all actions and proceedings, in law or equity, as they may deem necessary and appropriate to obtain compliance with the requirements of this bylaw or to prevent a threatened violation thereof. Any owner of a building subject to this bylaw that demolished the building without first obtaining a demolition permit in accordance with the provisions of this bylaw shall be subject to a fine of not more than Three Hundred Dollars. Each day the violation exists shall constitute a separate offense until a faithful restoration of the demolished building is completed or unless otherwise agreed to by the Commission. If a building subject to this bylaw is demolished without first obtaining a demolition permit, no building permit shall be issued for a period of two years from the date of the demolition on the subject parcel of land or any adjoining parcels of land under common ownership and control unless otherwise agreed to by the Commission.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, whenever the Commission shall, on its own initiative, or on application of a landowner, determine that earlier reconstruction, restoration or other remediation of any demolition in violation of this By-law better serves the intent and purpose of this By-law, it may, prior to the expiration of said period of two years, but no sooner than six months from the date of completion of any demolition in violation of this By-law, authorize issuance of a building permit, upon such conditions as the Commission deems necessary or appropriate to effectuate the purpose of this By-law, and may so notify the Building Commissioner

## SECTION 16.7: HISTORIC DISTRICT ACT

Following a determination that the building is significant and preferably preserved, the Commission may recommend to town meeting that the building be protected through the provisions of Massachusetts General Law, Chapter 40C, the Historic District Act. The steps required under M.G.L. Chapter 40C shall be followed prior to

# BYLAWS OF THE TOWN OF WINCHENDON

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the establishment of a local historic district. Nothing in this bylaw shall be deemed to conflict with the provisions of the Historic District act, Massachusetts General Laws Chapter 40C. If any of the provisions of this bylaw do so conflict, that act shall prevail.

## SECTION 16.8: SEVERABILITY

In case any section, paragraph or part of this bylaw is for any reason declared invalid or unconstitutional by any court, every other section, paragraph and part shall continue in full force and effect. (adopted May 18, 2009)

## **ARTICLE 17 ANIMAL CONTROL BYLAW**

### SECTION 17.1: PASTURING OF CATTLE OR OTHER ANIMALS ON STREETS OR WAYS

No person shall pasture any cattle, goat or other animal upon any street or public way in said town, either with or without a keeper, except within the limits of such way adjoining his own premises, and field drivers are instructed to enforce this bylaw.

### SECTION 17.2: DOGS

#### A. DEFINITION OF TERMS

- (1) "Dogs" shall mean all animals of the canine species, both male and female.
- (2) "Owner" shall mean any person or persons, firm, association or corporation owning, keeping, or harboring a dog as herein defined.
- (3) "Keeper" shall mean any person, corporation or society, other than the owner, harboring or having in his possession any dog.
- (4) "Run at large" shall mean free to wander on public or private ways at will, or on the property of another.

#### B. LICENSING

- (1) Beginning on January 1, 1994, all owners or keepers of dogs six months of age or older shall license said dogs at the office of the town clerk.
- (2) All owners or keepers of dogs shall produce proof of up-to-date rabies vaccination before such a license can be issued.
- (3) The Board of Health shall establish and may update from time to time fees for licensing of dogs and of kennels, and may establish fines for late licensing.
- (4) The yearly sums collected pursuant to the provisions of the previous section shall be accounted for and paid to the Town Treasurer. (Rev. 6/95)
- (5) Dog license fees shall be paid to the Town Clerk by April 1 of each calendar year. Any dog license paid after the deadline shall pay a late licensing penalty of five (dollars) in addition to the cost of the license. (Rev. 6/95)

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## C. PERMITTING A DOG TO RUN AT LARGE

(1) No owner or keeper of a dog shall permit such dog, whether licensed or unlicensed, to run at large within the Town of Winchendon, except that a dog may, for the purpose of sporting events, (such as hunting, field trials or training purposes) or for agricultural assistance, or while working as a canine guard of a mercantile, commercial, or industrial establishment, be exempt from the restraining order during such period of time as the dog is actually engaged in the event, sport, agricultural function, or guard work.

(2) Dogs may be taken from the owner's premises provided that such dogs are on a leash or under the control of the owner or keeper.

(3) It shall be a violation of this bylaw for any person who owns, possesses or controls a dog to fail to remove and dispose of any feces left by his/her dog on any sidewalk, street, or publicly owned property or property of another.

## D. IMPOUNDING

It shall be the duty of the Animal Control Officer, duly appointed, to apprehend any dog found unrestrained and running at large, and to impound such dog in a suitable place or to order the owner or keeper thereof to restrain said dog.

## E. NOTICE TO OWNER AND RELEASE

If such dog so impounded has upon it the name and address of the owner thereof, or if the name of said owner is otherwise known, then the Animal Control Officer shall immediately notify the owner but if the owner is not known, then no notice shall be necessary. The owner of any dog so impounded may reclaim such dog upon payment of the sum of ten dollars (\$10.00) for the first reclaiming, and twenty-five dollars (\$25.00) for the second, and subsequent reclaiming, or as determined by the Board of Health, provided, however, if the dog is not licensed that before release to any person, license as required by the Town of Winchendon be secured.

## F. DISPOSITION OF FUNDS

The sums collected pursuant to the provisions of this bylaw shall be accounted for and paid to the Town Treasurer; however, under the provisions of the State Law, the Animal Control Officer shall be entitled to all fees paid to him for the care of impounded dogs by the owners thereof.

## G. DISPOSITION OF UNCLAIMED DOGS

Any dog which has been impounded and has not been redeemed by the owner within ten (10) days shall be disposed of as provided by Section 151A, Chapter 140 of the General Laws of the Commonwealth of

# BYLAWS OF THE TOWN OF WINCHENDON

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Massachusetts and any amendments thereto, provided that the description of the dog was published in a local paper at least three (3) days before the scheduled date of destruction by the local dog officer. (Rev. 6/95)

## H. ENFORCEMENT

The Animal Control Officer or Officers duly appointed shall enforce the provisions of this bylaw relating to dogs, and shall attend to all complaints or other matters pertaining to dogs in the Town of Winchendon.

## I. ALTERNATIVE PROCEDURES UNDER GENERAL LAWS, Ch. 140, SEC. 173A

Notwithstanding any provisions of the General Laws to the contrary, any Animal Control Officer who takes cognizance of a violation of

- (1) This Bylaw
- (2) Failure to license dogs pursuant to General Laws, Chapter 14, Section 137; failure to acquire kennel license pursuant to General Laws, Chapter 140, Section 137A.
- (3) Failure to vaccinate against rabies pursuant to General Laws, Chapter 140, Section 145B.

May issue or mail a Notice of Complaint of Violation of Municipal Dog Control Law to the owner or keeper of such dog or dogs, and if the owner or keeper of such dog or dogs is a minor, the parent or guardian of such minor shall be liable for any violation of the bylaw.

## J. PROCEDURE

The procedure set forth above shall also include the provisions of paragraphs 2-4 of General Laws, Chapter 140, Section 173A as amended.

## K. PENALTY

Any owner or keeper found in violation of any of the provisions of this bylaw shall be subject to a fine of not more than twenty-five dollars (\$25.00). Further, if the owner or keeper of a dog is a minor, the parent or guardian of such minor shall be held liable for any violation of this bylaw.

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## ARTICLE 18 MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

### SECTION 18.1 : SOLICITORS, PEDDLERS, ETC.

No solicitor, peddler, hawker, itinerant merchant, transient vendor or purchaser of merchandise shall go in or upon any private residences or premises in the Town of Winchendon, Massachusetts for the purpose of the sale or

# BYLAWS OF THE TOWN OF WINCHENDON

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purchase of goods, wares, or merchandise, or for the soliciting of orders for the sale of purchases of the same, or for the purpose of disposing of, peddling or hawking the same, without first having been expressly authorized to do so in writing by the Board of Selectmen of the Town. Everyone violating this bylaw shall be punished by a fine of \$50.00 for each offense, which shall be recovered by any means available in law or in equity, including non-criminal disposition in accordance with the provisions of MGL Chapter 40, Section 21D. This bylaw may be enforced by any police officer of the Town of Winchendon.

## SECTION 18.2 : PUBLIC DRINKING

No person shall drink any alcoholic beverage, as defined in Chapter 138, Section 1 of the General Laws, while on a public way, or while on any other public property, or in or on any place to which members of the public have access as invites or licenses, or on private property without the consent of the owner or other person duly authorized by the owner to be in control thereof. The foregoing prohibition shall not apply to the consumption of alcoholic beverages in or on Town owned property pursuant to a special license issued by the Town licensing authority pursuant to the General Laws. All alcoholic beverages being used in violation of this bylaw shall be seized and safely held until adjudication of the charge against the person or persons summoned before the Court, at which time they shall be returned to the person entitled to lawful possession thereof. Any person who violates the provisions of this bylaw shall be punished by a fine of not more than fifty dollars (\$50.00).

## SECTION 18.3 PUBLIC CONSUMPTION OR USE OF MARIJUANA OR TETRAHYDROCANNABINOL

A. No person, whether in or upon a vehicle, motor vehicle, conveyance, or on foot, shall burn, smoke, ingest, or otherwise use or consume marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinol (as defined in G.L. c. 94C, § 1, as amended) while in or upon any area owned by or under the control of the Town, including but not limited to, any street, sidewalk, public way, footway, passageway, stairs, bridge, park, playground, beach, recreation area, boat landing, public building, school, school grounds, cemetery, or parking lot; or in or upon any place to which the public has a right of access as invitees or licensees.

B. Any marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinol burned, smoked, ingested, or otherwise used or consumed in violation of this bylaw shall be seized, held, and disposed of in accordance with G.L. c. 94C, § 47A.

C. Whoever is found in violation of this bylaw shall, when requested by an official authorized to enforce this bylaw, state his true name and address to said official.

D. This bylaw may be enforced through any lawful means in law or in equity including, but not limited to, enforcement by criminal indictment or complaint pursuant to G.L. c. 40, § 21, or by non-criminal disposition pursuant to G.L. c. 40, § 21D, by the Board of Selectmen, the Town Manager, or their duly authorized agents, or any police officer.

# BYLAWS OF THE TOWN OF WINCHENDON

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E. The fine for a violation of this bylaw shall be three hundred dollars (\$300.00) for each offense. A penalty imposed under this bylaw shall be in addition to any civil penalty imposed under G.L. c. 94C, § 32L.

In case any section, paragraph or part of this bylaw be for any reason declared invalid or unconstitutional by any court, every other section, paragraph and part shall continue in full force and effect.

## ARTICLE 19

(May 24, 2010)

### ABANDONED, NON-COMPLETED OR NULL AND VOID PERMITS

**Intent.** A permit issued shall be construed to be a license to proceed with the work and not as authority to violate, cancel, alter, or set aside any of the provisions of the technical codes, nor shall issuance of a permit prevent the Building Commissioner from thereafter requiring a correction of errors in plans, construction, or violations of building code.

1. Every permit issued shall become invalid unless the work authorized by such permit is commenced within 6 months after its issuance, or if the work authorized by such permit is suspended or abandoned for a period of 6 months after the time the work is commenced.
2. If work has commenced and the permit is revoked, becomes null and void, or expires because of lack of progress or abandonment, a new permit covering the proposed construction shall be obtained before proceeding with the work.
3. If a new permit is not obtained within 180 days from the date the initial permit became null and void, the Building Commissioner is authorized to require that any work which has been commenced or completed be removed from the building site by the holder of the original permit. Alternately, a new permit may be issued upon application, providing the work in place and required to complete the structure meets all applicable regulations in effect at the time the initial permit became null and void and any regulations which may have become effective between the date of expiration and the date of issuance of the new permit.
4. Work shall be considered to be in active progress when the permit has received an approved inspection within 180 days. This provision shall not be applicable in case of civil commotion or strike or when the building work is halted due directly to judicial injunction, order or similar process.
5. The fee for renewal, re-issuance and extension of a permit shall be set forth in the Building Commissioner's Permit Fee Schedule, as it may be amended from time to time.
6. At the discretion of the Building Commissioner, such discretion to be neither capricious nor arbitrary in its application, any person or entity may be denied a new project permit if at the time of application for the new project permit that person or entity is the holder of three (3) or more permits that are either abandoned, non-completed or otherwise null and void. Such denial of new project permit application

# BYLAWS OF THE TOWN OF WINCHENDON

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shall remain in effect until the person or entity seeking the new permit cures the defect(s) in the previously issued permits.

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## ARTICLE 20 WATER USE RESTRICTION

(Amended June 12, 2000)

### SECTION 20.1: AUTHORITY

This bylaw is adopted by the Town of Winchendon under its police powers to protect public health and welfare and its powers under M.G.L. Chapter 40, Section 21. and implements the Town's authority to regulate water use pursuant to M.G.L. Chapter 41, Section 69B. This bylaw also implements the Town's authority under M.G.L. Chapter 40, Section 41A, conditioned upon a declaration of water supply emergency issued by the Department of Environmental Protection (DEP).

### SECTION 20.2: PURPOSE

The purpose of this bylaw is to protect, preserve and maintain the public health, safety and welfare whenever there is in force a State of Water Supply Conservation or State of Water Supply Emergency by providing for enforcement of any duly imposed restrictions, requirements, provisions or conditions imposed by the Town or by the DEP.

### SECTION 20.3: DEFINITIONS

"Person" shall mean any individual, corporation, trust, partnership or association, or other entity.

"State of Water Supply Emergency" shall mean a State of Water Supply Emergency declared by the DEP under M.G.L. Chapter 21G, Sections 15-17.

"State of Water Supply Conservation" shall mean a State of Water Supply Conservation declared by the Town pursuant to Section 4 of this bylaw.

"Water Users or Water Customers" shall mean all public and private users of the Town's public water system, irrespective of any person's responsibility for billing purposes for water used at any particular facility.

# BYLAWS OF THE TOWN OF WINCHENDON

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## SECTION 20.4: DECLARATION OF A STATE OF WATER SUPPLY CONSERVATION

The Town, through its Board or Selectmen, may declare a State of Water Supply Conservation upon a determination by a majority vote of the Board or Selectmen that a shortage of water exists and conservation measures are appropriate to ensure an adequate supply of water to all water customers. Public notice of a State of Water Supply Conservation shall be given under Section 6 of this bylaw before it may be enforced.

## SECTION 20.5: RESTRICTED WATER USES

A declaration of a State of Water Supply Conservation shall include one or more of the following restrictions, conditions or requirements limiting the use of water as necessary to protect the water supply. The applicable restrictions, conditions or requirements shall be included in the public notice required under Section 6.

- 1) **Odd/Even Day Outdoor Watering:** Outdoor watering by water users with odd numbered addresses is restricted to odd numbered days. Outdoor watering by water users with even numbered addresses is restricted to even numbered days.
- 2) **Outdoor Watering Ban:** Outdoor watering is prohibited.
- 3) **Outdoor Water Hours:** Outdoor watering is permitted only during daily periods of low demand, to be specified in the declaration of a State of Water Supply Conservation and public notice thereof.
- 4) **Filling Swimming Pools:** Filling of swimming pools is prohibited.
- 5) **Automatic Sprinkler Use:** The use of automatic sprinkler systems is prohibited.

## SECTION 20.6: PUBLIC NOTIFICATION OF A STATE OF WATER SUPPLY CONSERVATION:

NOTIFICATION OF DEP -Notification of any provision, restriction, requirement or condition imposed by the Town as a State of Water Supply Conservation shall be published in a newspaper of general circulation within the Town or by such other means reasonably calculated to reach and inform all users of water of the State of Water Supply Conservation. Any restriction imposed under Section 5 shall not be effective until such notification is provided. Notification of the State of Water Supply Conservation shall also be simultaneously provided to the DEP.

## SECTION 20.7: TERMINATION OF A STATE OF WATER SUPPLY CONSERVATION: NOTICE

A State of Water Supply Conservation may be terminated by a majority vote of the Board or Selectmen, upon a determination that the water supply shortage no longer exists. Public notification of the termination of a State of Water Supply Conservation shall be given in the same manner required by Section 6.

## SECTION 20.8: STATE OF WATER SUPPLY EMERGENCY: COMPLIANCE WITH DEP ORDERS

Upon notification to the public that a declaration of a State of Water Supply Emergency has been issued by the DEP, no person shall violate any provision, restriction, requirement, condition of any order approved or issued by the DEP intended to bring about an end to the State of Emergency.

## SECTION 20.9: PENALTIES

# BYLAWS OF THE TOWN OF WINCHENDON

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Any person violating this bylaw shall be liable to the Town in the amount of fifty dollars (\$50.00) for the first violation and one hundred dollars (\$100.00) for each subsequent violation which shall inure to the Town for such uses as the Board or Selectmen may direct. Fines shall be recovered by indictment, or a complaint before the District Court, or by non-criminal disposition in accordance with Section 21D of Chapter 40 of the General Laws. Each day of violation shall constitute a separate offense.

## SECTION 20.10: SEVERABILITY

The invalidity of any portion or provision of this bylaw shall not invalidate any other portion or provision thereof.

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## ARTICLE 21 LICENSES AND PERMITS OF DELINQUENT TAXPAYERS

(rev. of 5/98)

SECTION 21.1: Any board, officer, or department shall deny any application or revoke or suspend any local license or permit, including renewals and transfers, for any person, corporation, or business enterprise who has neglected or refused to pay any local taxes, fees, assessments, betterment, or any other municipal charge, or with respect to any activity, event or other matter which is the subject of such license or permit and which activity, event, or matter is carried out or exercised or is to be carried out or exercised on or about real estate whose owner has neglected or refused to pay any local taxes, fees, assessments, betterments or any other municipal charges.

SECTION 21.2: The Tax Collector or other municipal official responsible for records of all municipal taxes, assessments, betterment and other municipal charges, hereinafter referred to as the Tax Collector, shall upon request furnish to each department, board, commission or division, hereinafter referred to as the licensing authority, that issues licenses or permits, including renewals and transfers, the identity of any person, corporation or business enterprise, hereinafter referred to as the party, that has neglected or refused to pay any local taxes, fees, assessments, betterment or other municipal charges for not less than a twelve month period, and that such party has not filed in good faith a pending application for an abatement of such tax or a pending petition before the appellate tax board.

SECTION 21.3: The licensing authority may deny, revoke or suspend any license or permit, including renewals and transfers of any party whose name appears on said list furnished to the licensing authority from the Tax Collector; or with respect to any activity, event or other matter which is the subject of such license or permit and which activity, event, or matter is carried out or exercised or is to be carried out or exercised on or about real estate owned by any party whose name appears on said list furnished to the licensing authority from the Tax Collector; provided, however, that written notice is given to the party and the Tax Collector, as required by applicable provisions of law, and the party is given a hearing to be held not earlier than fourteen days after said notice. Said

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list shall be prima facie evidence for denial, revocation or suspension of said license or permit to any party. The Tax Collector shall have the right to intervene in any hearing conducted with respect to such license denial, revocation or suspension. Any findings made by the licensing authority with respect to such license denial, revocation or suspension shall be made only for the purposes of such proceeding and shall not be relevant to or introduced in any other proceeding at law, except for any appeal from such license denial, revocation or suspension. Any license or permit denied, suspended or revoked under this section shall not be reissued or renewed until the license authority receives a certificate issued by the Tax Collector that the party is in good standing with respect to any and all local taxes, fees, assessments, betterment or other municipal charges, payable to the municipality as the date of issuance of said certificate.

SECTION 21.4: Any party shall be given an opportunity to enter into a payment agreement, thereby allowing the licensing authority to issue a certificate indicating said limitations to the license or permit and the validity of said license shall be conditioned upon the satisfactory compliance with said agreement. Failure to comply with said agreement shall be grounds for the suspension or revocation of said license or permit; provided, however, that the holder be given notice and a hearing as required by applicable provisions of law.

SECTION 21.5: The Board of Selectmen may waive such denial, suspension or revocation if it finds there is not direct or indirect business interest by the property owner, its officers or stockholders, if any, or members of his immediate family, as defined in Section 1 of Chapter 268A in the business or activity conducted in or on said property.

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## ARTICLE 22 SEWER USE REGULATIONS

(amended 9/98)

The provisions of this bylaw shall not apply to any of the licenses and permits exempted by M.G.L. Chapter 40, Section 57.

These regulations govern the use of public and private sewers and drains, private sewage disposal, the installation and connection of building sewers, the discharge of waters and wastes into the public sewer system, and the discharge of storm water and groundwater to the public storm drain; and provide penalties for violations thereof;

### SECTION 22.1: DEFINITIONS

Unless the context specifically indicates otherwise, the meaning of terms used in these regulations shall be as follows:

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- 1.1 "BOD" (denoting Biochemical Oxygen Demand) shall mean the quantity of oxygen utilized in the biochemical oxidation of organic matter under standard laboratory procedure in five (5) days at 20°C, expressed in milligrams per liter.
- 1.2 "Board of Selectmen" has jurisdiction over, and is the governing authority for, the wastewater collection and treatment system in the Town of Winchendon.
- 1.3 "Building Drain" shall mean that part of the lowest piping of a drainage system which receives the discharge of wastewater from inside the walls of the building and extends to ten (10) feet outside the inner face of the building wall.
- 1.4 "Building Sewer" shall mean the extension from the building drain to the public sewer or other place of disposal, also called house or building connection.
- 1.5 "Easement" shall mean an acquired legal right for the specific use of land owned by others.
- 1.6 "Floatable Oil" shall mean oil, fat, or grease in a physical state such that it will separate by gravity from wastewater by treatment in an approved pre-treatment facility. Wastewater shall be considered free of floatable oil if it is properly pretreated and the wastewater does not interfere with the collection system.
- 1.7 "Garbage" shall mean the animal and vegetable waste resulting from the handling preparation, cooking, and serving of foods.
- 1.8 "Grease, Oil and Sand Interceptors" shall mean devices used to prevent grease, oil and sand from entering the waste stream.
- 1.9 "Industrial Wastes" shall mean the wastewater from industrial processes, trade, or business as distinct from domestic (sanitary) wastes.
- 1.10 "May" is permissive (see "Shall", 1.120).
- 1.11 "Natural Outlet" shall mean any outlet, including storm sewers into a watercourse, pond, ditch, lake, or other body of surface or groundwater.
- 1.12 "Person" shall mean any individual, firm, company, association, society, corporation, partnership, group, or any political subdivision of the Commonwealth.
- 1.13 "pH" shall mean the negative logarithm of the hydrogen ion concentration. The concentration is the weight of hydrogen ions, in grams, per liter of solution. Neutral water, for example, has a pH value of 7 and a hydrogen ion concentration of 10<sup>-7</sup>.
- 1.14 "Properly Shredded Garbage" shall mean the wastes from the preparation, cooking, and dispensing of food that have been shredded to such a degree that all particles will be carried freely under the flow conditions normally prevailing in public sewers, with no particle greater than 1/2 inch in any dimension.
- 1.15 "Public Sewer" shall mean a common sewer controlled by a governmental agency or public entity.
- 1.16 "(Sanitary) Sewer" shall mean a conduit that carries liquid and water-carried wastes from residences, commercial buildings, industrial plants, and institutions together with minor quantities of ground, storm, and surface waters that are not admitted intentionally.

# BYLAWS OF THE TOWN OF WINCHENDON

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- 1.17 "Septage" shall mean the wastes from holding tanks such as chemical toilets, campers, or trailers, and wastes from septic tanks and cesspools.
- 1.18 "Sewage" is the used water of a community. The preferred term is "wastewater", (see 1.27).
- 1.19 "Sewer" shall mean a pipe or conduit that carries wastewater.
- 1.20 "Shall" is mandatory (see "May", 1. 10).
- 1.21 "Slug" shall mean any discharge of water or wastewater which, in concentration of any given constituent or in quantity of flow, exceeds five (5) times the average twenty-four (24) hour concentration of normal operating flow for more than fifteen (15) minutes and adversely affects the collection system and/or the performance of the wastewater treatment works.
  
- 1.22 "Storm Drain" (sometimes termed "storm sewer") shall mean a conduit for conveying stormwater, groundwater, subsurface water, or unpolluted water from any source.
- 1.23 "Superintendent" shall mean the authorized deputy, agent, or representative of the Board of Selectmen.
  
- 1.24 "Suspended Solids" shall mean total suspended matter that either floats on the surface of, or is in suspension in, water, wastewater, or other liquids, and that is removable by laboratory filtering as prescribed in "Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater" and referred to as nonfilterable residue.
- 1.25 "Town" shall mean the Town of Winchendon, Massachusetts or any duly authorized officer, agent or representative of the Town of Winchendon.
- 1.26 "Unpolluted Water" is water of quality equal to or better than the effluent criteria in effect or water that would not cause violation of receiving water quality standards and would not be benefited by discharge to the sewers and wastewater treatment facilities provided.
- 1.27 "Wastewater" shall mean the used water of a community. From the standpoint of source, it may be a combination of the liquid and water-carried wastes from residences, commercial buildings, industrial plants, and institutions together with any groundwater, surface water, and stormwater that are not admitted intentionally.
- 1.28 "Wastewater Facilities" shall mean the structures, equipment, and processes required to collect, transport, and treat domestic and industrial wastes and dispose of the effluent.
- 1.29 "Wastewater Treatment Works" shall mean an arrangement of devices and structures for treating wastewater, industrial wastes, and sludge. Sometimes used as synonymous with "waste treatment facility" or "wastewater treatment facility" or "water pollution control facility".
- 1.30 "Watercourse" shall mean a natural or artificial channel for the passage of water either continuously or intermittently.

## SECTION 22.2: USE OF PUBLIC SEWERS REQUIRED

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- 2.1 It shall be unlawful to discharge directly to any natural outlet within the Town of Winchendon, or in any area under the jurisdiction of said Town, any wastewater or other polluted water, without the applicable state and federal discharge permits.
- 2.2 Except as hereinafter provided, it shall be unlawful for property owners to construct or repair any privy, privy vault, septic tank, cesspool, or other facility intended or used for the disposal of wastewater where a public sewer is within one hundred (100) feet of the property line and where permission to enter such sewer can be obtained from the authority having jurisdiction over it.
- 2.3 The owners of all houses, buildings, or properties used for human occupancy, employment, recreation, or other purposes, situated within the Town and abutting on any street, alley, or right-of-way in which there is now located or may in the future be located a public sewer of the Town, are hereby required at their expense to install suitable toilet facilities therein, and to connect such facilities directly with the proper public sewer in accordance with the provisions of these regulations within ninety (90) days after date of receipt of official notice from the Board of Health of the Town of Winchendon acting under the provisions of Title 5 of the "State Environmental Code for the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, Minimum Requirements for the Subsurface Disposal of Sanitary Sewage" or regulations relative thereto, provided that the public sewer is within one hundred (100) feet of the property line. Said connections shall be made without exception, unless for reasons as determined by the Town of Winchendon Board of Health.

## SECTION 22.3: PRIVATE SEWAGE DISPOSAL

- 3.1 Where a public sewer is not available under the provisions of Section 2.3, the building sewer shall be connected to a private wastewater disposal system complying with the requirements of the Board of Health of the Town of Winchendon acting under the provisions of Title 5 of the "State Environmental Code for the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, Minimum Requirements for the Subsurface Disposal of Sanitary Sewage" or regulations relative thereto, and/or the Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection (DEP).

## SECTION 22.4: BUILDING SEWERS AND INSTALLATION: PERMITS

Regarding any sewer or installation permit and land easements; No such permit shall be valid until all land easements have been approved by the Board of Selectmen and properly recorded at the Worcester County Registry of Deeds.

- 4.1 No person(s) shall uncover (excavate), connect or cause to be connected to, or make any opening into, use, alter, or disturb any building sewer, public sewer, or appurtenances thereof except by written permit from the Superintendent of Public Works. Any person proposing a new discharge

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into the public sewer or a substantial change in the volume or character of pollutants that are being discharged into the public sewer shall notify the Department of Public Works (DPW) at least forty-five (45) days prior to the proposed change or connection. A permit must also be obtained for any repair work to existing building sewers if said work is not performed by the DPW.

- 4.2 There shall be two (2) classes of building sewer installation permits: (a) for residential and/or commercial service and (b) for service to establishments producing industrial waste flow (see "Industrial Waste," Section 1. 9). In either case, the owner(s) or his agent shall make a permit application in writing to the Superintendent. The permit application shall be supplemented by plans, specifications, or other information considered pertinent in the judgment of the Board of Selectmen. A permit application fee, which shall include the routine costs associated with the inspection of the building sewer installation by the Superintendent or his representative, shall be paid to the Town at the time the application is filed. Permit application fees shall be established from time to time by the Board of Selectmen.
- 4.3 Permits are not transferable and are valid for ninety (90) days from the date of issue. If no work commences within said ninety-day period a new permit must be obtained.
- 4.4 A separate and independent building sewer shall be provided for every building except where one building stands at the rear of another on an interior lot and no private sewer is available or can in any way be constructed to the rear building. In this case, the front building sewer may be extended to the rear building and the whole considered as one building sewer. No such connection shall be made without a special permit from the Superintendent. Any connection made without such a permit shall be discontinued and any sewer use fees paid shall be forfeited. The Town does not and shall not assume any obligation or responsibility for damage caused by or resulting from any such single connection aforementioned.
- 4.5 Under no circumstances may one building sewer be allowed to connect and serve more than one house or block on streets where public sewers are laid, except by written permission of the Superintendent.
- 4.6 Existing (old) building sewers shall not be used in connection with new building sewer construction, except by written permission of the Superintendent.
- 4.7 The size, slope, alignment, materials of construction of a building sewer, and the methods to be used in excavating, placing of the pipe, jointing, testing and backfilling the trench shall conform to the requirements of the building and plumbing code or other applicable rules and regulations of the Town. In the absence of code provisions or in amplification thereof, the materials and

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procedures as set forth in appropriate specifications of the American Society of Testing Materials (ASTM), the Water Pollution Control Federation (WPCF) Manual of Practice No. 7 "Operation and Maintenance of Wastewater Collection Systems," WPCF Manual of Practice No. FD-5, the American Society of Civil Engineers (ASCE) Manuals and Reports in Engineering Practice No. 60 "Gravity Sanitary Sewer Design and Construction", and WPCF Manual of Practice No. FD-4 "Design of Wastewater and Stormwater Pumping Stations" shall apply.

- 4.8 The Superintendent has the right to require, at his discretion, any building, existing or proposed, to construct, as a part of their building sewer, and at every building sewer connection to the public sewer where said building has more than one connection, a metering/sampling manhole. This manhole, located adjacent to the public sewer, with frame and cover brought to grade, and just upon the owner's property, shall be constructed for the purpose of allowing the Superintendent the ability to enter upon said property to inspect the constituents in and quantity of flow being discharged to the public sewer. This metering/sampling manhole shall conform to the requirements and specifications of the sewer program and shall be a mandatory requirement of the sewer installation permit, and shall be subject to the inspection and approval of the Superintendent. In the absence of code provisions or in amplification thereof, the materials and procedures as set forth in appropriate specifications of ASTM, the WPCF Manual of Practice No. 7, the WPCF Manual of Practice No. FD-5, the ASCE Manuals and Reports on Engineering Practice No. 60, and WPCF Manual of Practice No. FD-4 shall apply.
- 4.9 Whenever possible, the building sewer shall be installed to the building at an elevation below the basement floor. In all buildings in which any building drain is too low to permit gravity flow to the public sewer, the wastewater carried by such building drain shall be pumped by an approved means and discharged to the building sewer or public sewer. Shop drawings of proposed pumping equipment shall be submitted to the Board of Selectmen for approval by the Superintendent.
- 4.10 No person(s) shall make connection of roof downspouts, foundation drains, sump pumps, areaway drains, or other sources of surface runoff or groundwater to a building sewer or building drain, which in turn is connected directly or indirectly to the public sewer. Any persons found discharging said sources shall be subject to penalties as set forth in Article 8 of these Regulations.
- 4.10.1 The Superintendent or his representative reserves the right to inspect any property to confirm that there are none of the aforementioned unauthorized connections to the public sewer.

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- 4.11 Any person(s) found discharging non-contact cooling waters to the public sewer shall be subject to penalties as set forth in Article 8 of these Regulations.
- 4.12 The connection of the building sewer to the public sewer shall conform to the requirements of the sewer program and the building and plumbing code or other applicable rules and regulations of the Town, or the procedures set forth in appropriate specifications of the ASTM, the WPCF Manual of Practice No. 7, the WPCF Manual of Practice No. FD-5, the ASCE Manuals and Reports on Engineering Practice No. 60, and WPCF Manual of Practice No. FD-4. All such connections shall be made gastight and watertight and verified by proper testing. Any deviation from the prescribed procedures and materials must be approved by the Board of Selectmen before installation. Non-approved material shall be required to be removed and replaced at the expense of the applicant.
- 4.13 The applicant for the building sewer permit shall notify the Board of Selectmen when the sewer is ready for inspection and connection to the public sewer. The connection and testing shall be made under the supervision of the Superintendent or his representative, and no backfilling is allowed until all appropriate inspections are made. Otherwise, the pipe shall be exposed for inspection.
- 4.14 All excavations for building sewer installation shall be adequately guarded with barricades and lights so as to protect the public from hazard. Any person, other than the DPW, who, during the installation of a sewer connection, shall excavate or otherwise disturb the roadway and/or sidewalk shall obtain the written permission of the Superintendent prior to the commencement of work. A performance bond at least equal to the cost of restoring said roadway and/or sidewalk to its prior condition shall be required before such permission is granted. Streets, sidewalks, parkways, and other public property disturbed in the course of the work shall be restored to its original condition in a manner satisfactory to the Town.

The DPW reserves the right to shut off the public sewer for the purpose of making alterations or repairs.

## SECTION 22.5: USE OF THE PUBLIC SEWERS

No person(s) shall discharge or cause to be discharged any unpolluted waters such as storm water, surface water, groundwater, roof runoff, subsurface drainage, uncontaminated cooling water, or unpolluted industrial process waters to any public sanitary sewer. In general, only sanitary sewage shall be discharged to the common sewer.

No person(s) shall discharge or cause to be discharged any of the following described waters or wastes to any public sewers:

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- 5.2.1 Any gasoline, benzene, naphtha, fuel oil, or other flammable or explosive liquid, solid or gas. Any waters containing toxic or poisonous solids, liquids, or gases in sufficient quantity, whether singly or by interaction with other wastes, to injure or interfere with any waste treatment process, constitute a hazard to humans or animals, create a public nuisance, or create any hazard in the receiving waters of the wastewater treatment facility.
- 5.2.3 Any water or waste having a pH lower than 6.0, or higher than 9.5, or having any other corrosive property capable of causing damage or hazard to structures, equipment and personnel of the wastewater facilities.
- 5.2.4 Solid or viscous substances in quantities or of such size capable of causing obstruction to the flow in sewers, or other interference with the proper operation of the wastewater facilities such as, but not limited to, ashes, bones, cinders, sand, mud, straw, shavings, metal, glass, rags, feathers, tar, plastics, wood, unground garbage, whole blood, paunch manure, hair and fleshings, paper dishes, cups, milk containers, either whole or ground by garbage grinders or other similar products.
- 5.2.5 Any septage (see Section 1.17).
- 5.2.6 Sludges or deposited solids resulting from an industrial or pretreatment process.
- 5.3 No person shall discharge or cause to be discharged the following described substances, materials, waters, or wastes if it appears likely, in the opinion of the Superintendent that such wastes can harm either the sewers, sewage treatment process, or equipment, have an adverse effect on the receiving stream, or can otherwise endanger life, limb, public property, or constitute a nuisance. In forming his opinion as to the acceptability of these wastes, the Superintendent will give consideration to such factors as the quantities of subject wastes in relation to flows and velocities in the sewers, materials of construction of the sewers, nature of the sewage treatment process, capacity of the sewage treatment plant, degree of treatability of wastes in the sewage treatment plant and other pertinent factors. The substances prohibited are:
- 5.3.1 Any liquid or vapor having a temperature higher than 150°F (65°C).
- 5.3.2 Any water or waste containing fats, wax, grease, or oils, whether emulsified or not, in excess of one hundred (100) mg/l or containing substances which may solidify or become viscous at temperatures between 32°F and 1 50°F (0 and 65°C).

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- 5.3.3 Any garbage that has not been properly shredded. The installation and operation of any garbage grinder equipped with a motor of three-fourths (3/4) horsepower (0.76 hp metric) or greater shall be subject to the review and approval of the Superintendent.
- 5.3.4 Any waters or wastes containing strong acid, iron pickling wastes, or concentrated plating solutions whether neutralized or not.
- 5.3.5 Any waters or wastes containing iron, chromium, copper, zinc, antimony, arsenic, barium, beryllium, boron, cadmium, lead, manganese, mercury, nickel, selenium, silver, tin, and similar objectionable or toxic metal substances; or wastes exerting an excessive chlorine requirement, unless treated to reduce their concentrations to the minimum levels attainable by chemical precipitation process or other equally effective methods.
- 5.3.6 Any waters or wastes containing phenols or other taste or odor producing substances, in such concentrations exceeding limits which may, after treatment of the composite sewage, fail to meet the requirements of the state, federal, or other public agencies with jurisdiction for such discharge to the receiving waters.
- 5.3.7 Any radioactive wastes or isotopes of such half-life or concentration as may exceed limits established by the Board of Selectmen in compliance with applicable state or federal regulations.
- 5.3.8 Any waters or wastes having a pH in excess of 9.5.
- 5.3.9 Materials which exert or cause:
  - 5.3.9.10 Unusual concentration of inert suspended solids (such as, but not limited to, Fullers earth, lime slurries, and lime residues) or of dissolved solids (such as, but not limited to, sodium chloride and sodium sulfate).

Excessive discoloration (such as, but not limited to, dye wastes and vegetable tanning solutions). Unusual BOD, chemical oxygen demand, or chlorine requirements in such quantities as to constitute a significant load on the sewage treatment works.

- 5.3.9.4 Unusual volume of flow or concentration of wastes constituting "slugs" (see Section 1.21).
- 5.3.10 Waters or wastes containing substances which are not amenable to treatment or reduction by the sewage treatment process employed, or are amenable to treatment only to such degree that the wastewater treatment works effluent cannot meet the requirements of other agencies having jurisdiction over discharge to the receiving waters.

# BYLAWS OF THE TOWN OF WINCHENDON

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5.3.11 The following are the wastewater characteristic thresholds that may not be exceeded:

BOD: 250 mg/l

TSS: 250 mg/l

5.4 If any waters or wastes are discharged or are proposed to be discharged to the public sewers, which contain the substances or possess the characteristics enumerated in Section 5.3, or which, in the judgment of the Superintendent, may have a deleterious effect upon the wastewater facilities, processes, equipment, or receiving waters, or which otherwise create a hazard to life or constitute a public nuisance, the Superintendent may:

5.4.1 Reject the wastes,

5.4.2 Require pretreatment to an acceptable condition for discharge to the public sewers,

5.4.3 Require control over the quantities and rates of discharge, and/or

5.4.4 Require payment to cover added cost of handling and treating the wastes not covered by existing taxes or sewer user charges under the provisions of Section 5.9. If the Superintendent permits the pretreatment or equalization of waste flows, the design and installation of the plants and equipment shall be subject to the review and approval of the Board of Selectmen and subject to the requirements of all applicable local, state and federal codes, regulations and laws.

5.5 Grease, oil, and sand interceptors shall be provided when, in the opinion of the Superintendent they are necessary for the proper handling of liquid wastes containing floatable oil in excessive amounts, as specified in Section 5.3.2, or any flammable wastes, sand, or other harmful ingredients, except that such interceptors shall not be required for private living quarters or dwelling units. All interceptors shall be of a type and capacity approved by the Board of Selectmen and shall be located as to be readily and easily accessible for cleaning and inspection. In the maintaining of these interceptors, the owner(s) shall be responsible for the proper removal and disposal by appropriate means of the captured material and shall maintain records of the dates, and means of disposal which are subject to review by the Board of Selectmen. Any removal and handling of the collected materials not performed by owner(s)' personnel must be performed by currently licensed waste disposal firms.

5.6 Where pretreatment or flow-equalizing facilities are provided or required any waters or wastes, they shall be maintained continuously in satisfactory and effective operation by the owner(s) at his expense.

# BYLAWS OF THE TOWN OF WINCHENDON

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- 5.7 When required by the Board of Selectmen, the owner of any property serviced by a building sewer carrying industrial wastes shall install a suitable control structure together with such necessary meters and other appurtenances in the building sewer to facilitate observation, sampling, and measurement of the wastes. Such control structure, when required, shall be constructed in accordance with plans approved by the Board of Selectmen. The structure shall be installed by the owner at his expense and shall be maintained by him so as to be safe and accessible at all times.
- 5.8 All measurements, tests, and analyses of the characteristics of waters and wastes to which reference is made in these regulations shall be determined in accordance with the latest edition of "Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater", published by the American Public Health Association, and shall be determined at the control structure provided, or upon suitable samples taken at said control structure. In the event that no special structure has been required, the control structure shall be considered to be the nearest downstream manhole in the public sewer to the point at which the building sewer is connected. Sampling shall be carried out by customarily accepted methods to reflect the effect of constituents upon the sewage works and to determine the existence of hazards to life, limb, and property. (The particular analyses involved will determine whether a twenty-four (24) hour composite of all outfalls of a property is appropriate or whether a grab sample or grab samples should be taken. Normally, but not always, BOD and suspended solids analyses are obtained from 24-hour composites of all outfalls, whereas pH is determined from periodic grab samples).
- 5.8.1 All industries discharging into a public sewer shall perform such monitoring of their discharges as the Superintendent and/or other duly authorized employees of the Town may reasonably require, including installation, use, and maintenance of monitoring equipment, keeping records and reporting the results of such monitoring to the Superintendent. Such records shall be made available, upon request by the Superintendent, to other agencies having jurisdiction over discharges to the receiving waters.
- 5.9 No statement contained in this Article shall be construed as preventing any special agreement or arrangement between the Town and any industrial concern whereby an industrial waste of unusual strength or character may be accepted by the Town for treatment subject to payment, therefore, by the industrial concern.

## SECTION 22.6: USE OF THE PUBLIC STORM DRAIN: PERMITS

- 6.1 No person(s) shall uncover (excavate), connect or cause to be connected to, or make any opening into, use, alter, or disturb any building storm drain, public storm drain, or appurtenances thereof except by written permit from the Superintendent of Public Works. Any person proposing a new

# BYLAWS OF THE TOWN OF WINCHENDON

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discharge into the public storm drain shall notify the Department of Public Works (DPW) at least forty-five (45) days prior to the proposed change or connection. A permit must also be obtained for any repair work to existing building drains if said work is not performed by the DPW.

- 6.2 Only the connection of roof downspouts, foundation drains, sump pumps, areaway drains, or other sources of surface runoff or groundwater shall be allowed to be made to the public storm drain, upon approval by the Superintendent.
- 6.3 No person(s) shall discharge or cause to be discharged any polluted waters such as sewage, septage, industrial process waters, or garbage. In general, only surface runoff or ground water shall be discharged to the public storm drain.
- 6.4 Any storm water discharged to the public storm drain shall conform to the standards set forth in the DEP administered regulations: 314 CMR 9.00 (401 Water Quality Certification), 314 CMR 3.00 (Surface Water Discharge Permit Program), 314 CMR 4.00 (Surface Water Quality Standards), 314 CMR 5.00 (Groundwater Discharge Permit Program), and 314 CMR 6.00 (Groundwater Quality Standards).
- 6.5 The connection of the building storm drain to the public storm drain shall conform to the requirements of the sewer program and the building and plumbing code or other applicable rules and regulations of the Town.
- 6.6 The applicant for the building drain permit shall notify the Board of Selectmen when the drain is ready for inspection and connection to the public storm drain. No connection shall be put to use and no back-filling is allowed until all appropriate inspections are made by the Superintendent or his representative, and by building, plumbing, and electrical inspectors.

## SECTION 22.7: PROTECTION FROM DAMAGE

- 7.1 No person(s) shall maliciously willfully, or negligently break, damage, destroy, uncover, deface, or tamper with the structures, mains, or other appurtenances or equipment which is a part of the sewerage system or wastewater facilities. Any person(s) violating this provision shall be subject to all civil or criminal penalties as provided by Massachusetts General Laws or these regulations.

## SECTION 22.8: POWERS AND AUTHORITY OF INSPECTORS

- 8.1 The Superintendent and other duly authorized employees or agents of the Town bearing proper credentials and identification shall be permitted to enter, at reasonable times, all private properties connected with public sewers for the purposes of inspection, observation,

# BYLAWS OF THE TOWN OF WINCHENDON

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measurement, sampling, and testing pertinent to discharge to the wastewater facilities in accordance with the provisions of these regulations.

- 8.2 The Superintendent or other duly authorized employees or agents are authorized to obtain information concerning industrial processes which have a direct bearing on the kind and source of discharge to the wastewater facilities. The industry may withhold information considered confidential. However, the industry must establish that disclosure of the information in question to the public might result in an advantage to competitors.
- 8.3 While performing the necessary work on private properties referred to in Section 7. 1, the Superintendent or duly authorized employees or agents of the Town shall observe all safety rules applicable to the premises established by the companies.
- 8.4 The Superintendent and other duly authorized employees or agents of the Town bearing proper credentials and identification shall be permitted to enter all private properties through which the Town holds an easement for the purposes of, but not limited to, inspection, observation, measurement, sampling, repair, and maintenance of any portion of the wastewater facilities lying within said easement. All entry and subsequent work, if any, on said easement, shall be done in full accordance with the terms of the easement pertaining to the private property involved.

## SECTION 22.9: PENALTIES

- 9.1 Whenever on the basis of information available to it, the Town finds any person to be violating any provision of these regulations, the Town may take any or all of the following actions:
  - 9.1.1 Issue an order to cease and desist any such violation;
  - 9.1.2 Issue an implementation schedule ordering specific actions to be taken and time schedule;
  - 9.1.3 Any person violating any of the foregoing regulations shall be subject to a fine not exceeding \$50.00 for each violation. Each day a violation shall continue shall be deemed a separate offence.
  - 9.1.4 Bring a civil or criminal action as provided by law;
  - 9.1.5 Take any action available to it under federal, state, or local laws or regulations.
- 9.2 Any person violating the provisions of these regulations shall become liable to the Town for any expense, loss, or damage incurred by the Town by reasons of such violation, including but not limited to any attorney's fees incurred in the enforcement or defense of actions under or relative to this bylaw and fines, charges, or assessments made or imposed on the Town by federal, state, or local agency.

## SECTION 22.10: SEWER CHARGES AND PAYMENT

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- 10.1 Sewer use charges shall be determined by a vote of the Board of Selectmen. Bills shall be rendered semi-annually in January and July, concurrent with the semi-annual water bill. Failure to receive a bill shall not excuse non-payment of same.
- 10.2 All bills issued by the Treasurer/Collector shall be due and payable on the thirtieth day after mailing. Amounts which remain unpaid after the thirtieth day shall accrue interest at a rate to be determined based on the vote of the Board of Selectmen. There shall be added charge of \$5.00 for water and sewer on each bill for which a demand notice is sent. Owners of property shall be responsible for sewer use charges incurred by their tenants, agents, or licensees.
- 10.3 The Treasurer/Collector shall be notified upon conveyance of property which is connected to the public sewer system. Such notification shall include the names of the Grantor, the Grantee, and the party currently billed if different than the Grantor. The meter shall be read on the date of conveyance, or as close to same as is practical and/or convenient, and a bill shall be rendered at that time to the Grantor. The Grantee shall be liable for usage from that special reading.
- 10.4 The Board of Selectmen, acting through the Town Manager, shall have full authority to take any action available under local by-law or state statute to collect rates and charges and to enforce these regulations.
- 10.5 The Board of Selectmen reserves the right to revise the charges for use of the public sewers. Upon approval of this bylaw the Board of Selectmen shall forthwith determine sewer use charges. These charges and regulations shall be effective January 1, 1999. All previous charges will be thereby rescinded.

## SECTION 22.11: ABATEMENT PROCESS

- 11.1 Before any abatement may be considered, the bill shall be paid in full. An abatement request, with supporting documentation, shall be submitted to the Town Manager's office by the affected owner on or before the thirtieth day after the date on which the bill was sent. The Town Manager may refer the matter to the Superintendent for an investigation. The Superintendent shall report to the Town Manager within ten days. The Town Manager will make a recommendation to the Board of Selectmen within ten days, who shall act upon such abatement. A copy of the Board of Selectmen decision will be sent to the owner and to the Treasurer/Collector's office.

## SECTION 22.12: VALIDITY

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The invalidity of any section, clause, sentence, or provisions of these regulations shall not affect the validity of any other part of these regulations, which can be given effect without such invalid part or parts.

## SECTION 22.13: APPEALS

- 13.1 The Board of Selectmen shall receive appeals for arbitration of differences between the Superintendent and sewer users on matters concerning interpretation and execution of the provisions of this bylaw by the Board of Selectmen.

## SECTION 22.14: ASSESSMENTS

The Board of Selectmen shall determine the method of assessment of the cost of public sewers to sewer users.

## SECTION 22.15: PERMIT APPLICATIONS

- 15.1 Applications for residential or commercial building sewer installation permits and applications for service to establishments producing industrial waste flow (See "Industrial Waste" Section 1.9) shall be made in writing on forms approved by the Board of Selectmen.

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## ARTICLE 23 SOLID WASTE AND RECYCLING

### SECTION 23.1: GENERAL

In order to ensure that solid waste materials are disposed of in an environmentally responsible manner in the Town, and that such disposal is done in compliance with state-mandated waste bans, no person or entity shall dispose of any recyclable materials, as defined under section 2 of this article, in any landfill located within the Town of Winchendon or any waste disposal facility outside of the Town, if access to such disposal is provided by the Town. This bylaw will serve to bring the Town of Winchendon into compliance with state waste disposal policies.

### SECTION 23.2: RECYCLABLE MATERIALS

The Town Manager shall promulgate regulations, which he may revise from time to time, designating which items shall be separated for recycling and how such items shall be handled at the landfill, transfer station or left for pickup by the Town or a hauler contracted by the Town.

# BYLAWS OF THE TOWN OF WINCHENDON

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## SECTION 23.3: RECYCLING OF DESIGNATED MATERIALS

Recyclable materials shall be separated from other solid waste materials prior to being deposited at the landfill, transfer station, or put out for pickup by the Town or a hauler contracted by the Town. Persons using private solid waste haulers shall conform to the separation requirements of the hauler.

If it is determined by the Landfill Manager or his designee that any container contains both solid waste and recyclable materials, as defined by the regulations, it shall not be accepted for disposal at the landfill or transfer station until the recyclable materials have been removed therefrom by the person attempting to dispose of same.

The landfill Manager or his designee shall inspect any and all solid waste presented for disposal.

## SECTION 23.4: VIOLATIONS AND PENALTIES

No person or entity shall place solid waste in the Winchendon landfill, dispose of at the transfer station, or put out for pickup by the Town or a hauler contracted by the Town unless the recyclable materials as designated pursuant to Section 2 of this bylaw have been separated from other solid waste and are deposited as the regulations require.

No person or entity who collects, transports, disposes or otherwise manages solid waste shall mix, co-mingle, or otherwise contaminate recyclable materials with solid waste or other contaminants.

The Town Manager or his agent may suspend a violator's solid waste disposal privileges at the Winchendon landfill or transfer station in response to repeated violations of this bylaw.

Violators may also be fined \$25 per offense, which fine may be recovered under the provisions of section 21D of Chapter 40 of the General Laws.

## **ARTICLE 24 RECREATION COMMISSION**

(June 12, 2000)

1. (A) There shall be a Recreation Commission [the Commission] consisting of seven (7) members appointed by the Board of Selectmen. One (1) member shall be a student in good standing from the Murdock Middle School, and one (1) member shall be a student in good standing from the Murdock High School.
- (B) The terms shall be for three years and so arranged that the term of as nearly an equal number as is possible shall expire each year.
- (C) Upon the completion of these original terms, each member shall serve for three years.
- (D) Student members shall be appointed annually.

# BYLAWS OF THE TOWN OF WINCHENDON

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2. The Commission shall be responsible for the formulation of Town Recreation Policy which, at a minimum, shall address the following issues:
  - a. Facilities and Maintenance
  - b. Recreation Programs
  - c. Long Range Planning
3. (A) The Commission shall have charge of all playgrounds, parks, and other recreation facilities owned by the Town of Winchendon, which are not under the control of the School Department.  
  
(B) The Commission and the School Department shall cooperate so that the optimum use may be made of all of the Town's recreation facilities.
4. The Commission shall establish such reasonable fees for use of any recreation facilities and programs as it deems to be consistent with established Recreation Policy.

The Commission shall submit to the Town Manager its recommendations for an annual budget.

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## ARTICLE 25 Rapid Entry Systems for the Fire Department

(June, 2001)

**PURPOSE:** To permit rapid entry into apartments, businesses and schools connected to the municipal fire alarm system when said system has been activated.

**SECTION 25.1:** Any building other than a residential building of fewer than six (6) units, which has a fire alarm system or other fire protection system, shall provide a secure key box installed in a location accessible to the fire department in the event of an emergency. This key box shall contain the keys to fire alarm control panels and elevators and any other keys necessary for fire protection.

**SECTION 25.2:** The key box shall be a type approved by the Fire Chief or his designee and shall be located and installed as directed by the Fire Chief or his designee.

**SECTION 25.3:** All existing commercial buildings, not normally occupied twenty-four hours a day, shall be

# BYLAWS OF THE TOWN OF WINCHENDON

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required to comply with this bylaw within twelve (12) months of the effective date thereof.

SECTION 25.4: All newly constructed buildings, regardless of use or occupancy, except residential dwellings under six (6) units, shall install a key box system.

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## ARTICLE 26 FALSE FIRE AND BURGLAR ALARMS

(May 2003)

SECTION 26.1: GENERAL: Any residence or place of business which has a fire or burglar alarm system connected directly to the Fire or Police Department (the “Department”) or connected indirectly to said Department through a private alarm company (each of which will be hereinafter referred to as a “monitored system”), will be charged a fine for all responses by the Department to such buildings where the response is caused by the activation of the monitored system, with the following exceptions:

1. When the monitored system was activated by an actual fire or burglary:
2. When the monitored system was activated by smoke from a source such as burnt food or an overheated motor or overheated electrical appliance or other equipment: or
3. When someone, with reasonable cause, activates a manual pull station. The fee may be assessed against the owner or tenant of the building.

SECTION 26.2: ENFORCEMENT, NON-CRIMINAL DISPOSITION: The Fire or Police Chief shall notify the owner or tenant of the residence or place of business by certified mail or by service in hand of any violation and the owner or tenant shall submit payment within fifteen (15) days of said notice to the Town Treasurer for deposit in the general fund. Fines for false alarm services shall be as follows:

Offense	Fine
First three responses	Warning
Fourth response	\$ 50.00
Fifth response	\$ 75.00
Sixth response	\$100.00
Seventh response	\$150.00
Eighth and subsequent responses	\$200.00

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This bylaw may, in the discretion of the enforcing person, be enforced by non-criminal disposition as provided in G.L. c 40, Sec. 21D, or by the method provided in Article 2.14 of these bylaws, " Prosecution under the Bylaws". The non-criminal fine for each such violation shall be as set forth above, and each day on which any violation exists shall be deemed to be a separate offense. "Enforcing person," as used in this bylaw, shall mean any officer of the Town of Winchendon Police Department, and the Fire Chief and his designees.

SECTION 26.3: ORDER TO DISCONNECT OR DISCONTINUE USE OF MONITORED SYSTEM: The owner or tenant of a residence or place of business which has a monitored system which occasion six (6) or more false alarms within the previous twelve (12) months or fails to pay the fine described in Section 2 after notice of the same may be ordered to disconnect and otherwise discontinue the use of the monitored system by the Fire or Police Chief. Such order shall be given to the owner or tenant by certified mail or by service in hand.

SECTION 26.4: SEVERABILITY: Invalidity of any individual section of this bylaw shall not affect the validity of the bylaw as a whole.

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## ARTICLE 27 BROWNFIELD TAX ABATEMENT

(May 13, 2002)

Brownfield Tax Abatement Agreements

SECTION 27.1: The purpose of this by-law is to encourage the clean-up and redevelopment of contaminated industrial or commercial sites or portions of sites by providing a method by which the Town of Winchendon may enter into tax abatement agreements pursuant to MGL Chapter 59 Section 59A and this by-law.

SECTION 27.2: Property which may be the subject of a tax abatement agreement pursuant to this by-law must: (a) be a site or portion of a site from or at which there has been a release of oil or hazardous material; and (b) be owned by an eligible person, as that term is defined in MGL Chapter 21E section2; and (c) be zoned for commercial or industrial use.

SECTION 27.3: The Town Manager, or the Director of Planning and Development with the Town Manager's approval, are authorized to negotiate agreements providing for the abatement of real estate taxes with owners of eligible properties.

SECTION 27.4: The agreement must specify all details regarding payment of any outstanding taxes, interest or

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penalties including the amount owed, the rate of interest to accrue if any, the amount of monthly payments, the payment schedule, late penalties and all other terms and conditions agreed to by the town and the property owner

As part of the agreement the property owner must provide a detailed statement and supporting evidence that demonstrates there is adequate financing available to accomplish clean-up of the contamination or hazardous materials, and that the reduction in outstanding taxes, interest or penalties is reasonably necessary to complete the clean-up.

The agreement may allow for reductions in outstanding real-estate taxes, interest and penalties, or full or partial payments therefore, and such other terms and conditions as the town deems reasonable and necessary to ensure the timely clean-up and redevelopment of the parcel or portion thereof.

SECTION 27.5: The Board of Selectmen may approve, by majority vote, a tax abatement agreement where the total value of the abated taxes, penalties and interest is less than \$100,000. If the total value of the tax abatement is \$100,000 or more, then town meeting must approve the agreement by majority vote.

SECTION 27.6: The tax abatement agreement must be signed by the chairman of the Board of Selectmen and the property owner, and their signatures notarized, and the agreement attested to by the Town Clerk. Copies must be provided to the Massachusetts Commissioner of Revenue, the Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection, the US Environmental Protection Agency, the property owner, the Board of Selectmen, the Town Manager, Town Clerk, Town Assessor, Town Collector, and Planning Board.

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## ARTICLE 28 TOXIC AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS MANAGEMENT

(May 24, 2004)

SECTION 28.1: FINDINGS The Town of Winchendon finds that:

- i. The groundwater underlying this town is currently a significant source of its existing and future water supply, including drinking water.
- ii. The groundwater aquifer is integrally connected with, and flows into the surface waters, lakes, streams and ponds, which constitute significant recreational and economic resources of the town, used for bathing and other water-related recreation.

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- iii. Accidental spills and discharges of petroleum products and other toxic and hazardous materials have repeatedly threatened the quality of such groundwater supplies and related water sources in other Massachusetts towns, posing potential public health and safety hazards and threatening economic losses to the affected communities.
- iv. Unless preventive measures are adopted to prohibit and protect against the discharge of toxic and hazardous materials and to ensure their safe and proper storage within the town, further spills and discharges of such materials will predictably occur with greater frequency and degree of hazard by reason of increasing construction, commercial and industrial development, population and vehicular traffic in the Town of Winchendon.

## SECTION 28.2: STATUTORY AUTHORITY

The Town of Winchendon adopts the following in accordance with MGL C. 111. S. 31 as amended to Title V of the Environmental Code.

## SECTION 28.3: DEFINITIONS

As used in this bylaw, the following terms shall have the meanings indicated:

**DISCHARGE** - The accidental or intentional spilling, leaking, pumping, pouring, emitting, emptying or dumping of toxic and/or hazardous material(s) upon or into any land or waters of the Town of Winchendon. "Discharge" includes, without limitation, leakage of such materials from failed or discarded containers or storage systems and disposal of such materials into any on-site sewage disposal system, dry well, catch basin or unapproved landfill.

The term "discharge", as used and applied in this bylaw, does not include the following:

1. Proper disposal of any material in a sanitary or industrial landfill that has received and maintained all necessary legal approvals for that purpose.
2. Application of fertilizers and pesticides in accordance with label recommendations and with regulations of the Massachusetts Pesticide Control Board.
3. Application of road salts in conformance with the Snow and Ice Control Program of the Massachusetts Department of Public Works.
4. Disposal of sanitary sewage to subsurface sewage disposal systems as defined and permitted by Title V of the Massachusetts Environmental Code.

**TOXIC OR HAZARDOUS MATERIAL(S)** - Any substance of such physical, chemical, biological, or infectious characteristics as to pose a significant actual or potential hazard to water supplies or other hazard to

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human health and safety if such substance or mixture were discharged to land or waters of the town. "Toxic or hazardous material(s)" include, but are not limited to organic chemicals, petroleum products, heavy metals, radioactive or infectious wastes, acids and alkalis, and includes products such as pesticides, herbicides, solvents and thinners. By-products and wastes generated by the following activities, without limitation, are presumed to be toxic or hazardous, unless and to the extent that anyone engaging in such activity can demonstrate the contrary to the satisfaction of the Town of Winchendon or its authorized agent(s):

1. Airplane, boat and motor vehicle service and repair.
2. Chemical and bacteriological laboratory operation.
3. Cabinetmaking.
4. Dry cleaning.
5. Electronic circuit assembly.
6. Metal plating, finishing and polishing.
7. Motor and machinery service and assembly.
8. Painting, wood preserving and furniture stripping.
9. Pesticide and herbicide applications.
10. Photographic processing.
11. Printing.
12. Resin manufacturing.

## SECTION 28.4: PROHIBITED ACTIVITIES

- A. The discharge of toxic or hazardous material(s) upon ground or into any surface or ground waters within the Town of Winchendon is prohibited.
- B. Outdoor storage of toxic or hazardous material is prohibited, except when storage is in product-tight container(s) which are protected from the elements, maintained on the premises and be reconciled with purchase, use accidental damage, vandalism and which are stored in accordance with all applicable requirements of Section 5 of this bylaw.

## SECTION 28.5: STORAGE

### A. Registration

- (1) Except as exempted below, every owner and every operator other than an owner of a site at which toxic and hazardous material(s) are stored in quantities totaling at any time, more than fifty (50) gallons liquid volume or twenty-five (25) pounds dry weight shall register with the Winchendon Health Department and Fire Department the types of materials stored, quantities, location and method of storage. The Winchendon Health Department or Fire Department may require submittal of a Material Safety Data Sheet for each toxic and hazardous material(s) and an inventory of such materials be, sales and

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disposal records on a monthly basis in order to detect any product loss. Registration required by this bylaw shall be submitted within sixty (60) days of enactment of this bylaw and annually thereafter. Maintenance and reconciliation of inventories shall begin within the same sixty-day period.

(2) Registration and inventory requirements shall not apply to the following:

- a) Fuel oil stored in conformance with Massachusetts Fire Preventive Regulations and regulations of the Winchendon Health Department for the purpose of heating buildings located on the site; or
- b) The storage of toxic and hazardous materials at a single- or two-family dwelling, except when such materials are stored for use associated with a professional or home occupation use.

B. Wastes containing toxic or hazardous material(s) shall be held on the premises in product-tight containers and shall be removed and disposed of in accordance with the Massachusetts Hazardous Waste Management Act, Ch. 704, Acts of 1979.

C. The Winchendon Health Department or Fire Department may require that containers of toxic or hazardous materials be stored on an impervious, chemical-resistant surface compatible with the material being stored and that provisions be made to provide secondary containment equal to 110% of the volume of the largest container or 10% of the total volume of containers, whichever is greater, to protect against contamination in the event of accidental spillage or leakage.

## SECTION 28.6: NOTIFICATION OF SPILLS AND LEAKS

Every owner or operator or other person having knowledge of a spill, leak or other loss of toxic or hazardous materials in excess of five (5) gallons shall notify the Winchendon Health Department or Fire Department immediately upon discovery and in every case within two (2) hours.

## SECTION 28.7: ENFORCEMENT

A. The Winchendon Health Department or Fire Department, acting as duly authorized agents of the Town, shall enforce the provisions of this bylaw and according to law, may enter upon any premises at any reasonable time to inspect for compliance.

B. Upon request of the Winchendon Health Department or Fire Department, the owner or operator of any premises at which toxic or hazardous materials are used or stored shall furnish all information required to monitor compliance with this bylaw, including a complete list of all chemicals, pesticides, fuels and other toxic or hazardous materials used or stored on the premises, a description of measures taken to protect storage

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containers from vandalism, corrosion and spillage and the means of disposal of all toxic or hazardous wastes produced on this site. The Winchendon Health Department may require samples.

C. All records pertaining to storage, removal and disposal of toxic or hazardous wastes shall be retained for no less than three (3) years and shall be made available for review by the Winchendon Health Department or Fire Department upon request.

D. The Building Commissioner of the Town of Winchendon shall condition issuance of construction and occupancy permits upon conformity with the requirements of this bylaw respecting any toxic or hazardous materials to be used in the course of such construction or occupancy.

## SECTION 28.8: NOTICE OF VIOLATION

Written notice of any violation of this bylaw shall be given by the Winchendon Health Department or Fire Department, specifying the nature of the violation; any corrective measures that must be undertaken, including containment and cleanup of discharged materials; any preventive measures required for avoiding future violations; and a time for compliance. Requirements specified in such a notice shall be reasonable in relation to the public health hazard involved and the difficulty of compliance. The cost of containment and cleanup shall be borne by the owner and/or operator of the premises.

## SECTION 28.9: VIOLATIONS AND PENALTIES

Any owner or operator who violates any provision of this bylaw shall be subject to a fine of not more than twenty-five (\$25.00). Each day or portion thereof during which a violation continues shall constitute a separate offense; if more than one (1), each condition shall constitute a separate offense.

## SECTION 28.10: SEVERABILITY

Each provision of this bylaw shall be construed as separate, to the end that, if any part of it shall be held invalid for any reason, the remainder shall continue in full force and effect.

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## ARTICLE 29 WETLANDS PROTECTION BYLAW

(May 2007)

## SECTION 29.1: PURPOSE

The Purpose of this bylaw is to maintain the quality of surface water, the quality and level of the groundwater table and water recharge areas for existing or potential water supplies; to protect the public health and safety; to protect persons and property against the hazards of flood water inundations; to protect the community against

# BYLAWS OF THE TOWN OF WINCHENDON

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the costs which may be incurred when unsuitable development occurs in wetland resources areas; and to provide for the reasonable protection and conservation of certain irreplaceable natural features, resources and amenities for the benefit and welfare of the present and future inhabitants of the town of Winchendon.

Accordingly, this bylaw protects the wetlands, related water resources, and certain adjoining land areas in the Town by providing for prior review and control of activities deemed to have a significant or cumulative adverse effect upon wetland values. Collectively, the wetlands values protected by this bylaw, include but are not limited to the following: protection of public and private water supply, protection of groundwater supply, flood control, erosion and sedimentation control, storm damage prevention, avoidance of water and soil pollution, protection of wildlife habitat, rare species habitat including rare plant species, protection of agriculture and aquaculture and recreation values, deemed important to the community.

This bylaw is intended to utilize the Home Rule authority of the town of Winchendon to protect the resource areas and associated values currently being regulated under the Massachusetts Wetlands Protection Act (Massachusetts General Law Ch. 131, Sec.40; the Act) to a greater degree, to protect additional resource areas beyond the Act recognized by the Town as significant, to protect all resource areas for their additional values beyond those recognized in the Act, and to impose in local regulations and permits additional standards and procedures stricter than those of the Act and regulations thereunder (310 CMR 10.00), subject however, to the rights and benefits accorded to agricultural uses and structures of all kinds under the laws of the Commonwealth and other relevant bylaws of the Town of Winchendon, and regulations thereunder (310 CMR 10.00).

## SECTION 29.2: JURISDICTION

Except as permitted by the Conservation Commission or as provided in this bylaw, no person shall commence to remove, fill, dredge, build upon, degrade, pollute or discharge into, or otherwise alter the following resource areas protected by this chapter, (collectively, 'wetland resource areas') any wetland, including but not limited to, any freshwater wetland, marshes, flats, wet meadow, bogs, swamps, **vernal pools**, springs, banks, reservoirs, lakes, ponds of any size, and lands under water bodies; intermittent streams, creeks, brooks; lands adjoining these resource areas out to a distance of one-hundred feet(100), known as the buffer zone; perennial rivers, streams, brooks and creeks; land adjoining these resource areas out to a distance of two hundred feet (200), known as the riverfront area; lands subject to flooding or inundation by groundwater or surface water; and lands subject to storm flowage, or flooding (collectively the "resource areas protected by this bylaw"). Said resource areas shall be protected whether or not they border surface waters.

The jurisdiction of this bylaw shall not extend to uses and structures of agriculture that are under the rights and privileges of laws and regulations of the Commonwealth governing agriculture, including work performed for normal maintenance or improvement of land in agricultural or aquaculture uses as defined by the Wetland Protection Act regulations, found at 310 CMR 10.04

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## SECTION 29.3: EXEMPTIONS AND EXCEPTIONS

The application and permit required by this bylaw shall not be required for maintaining, repairing, or replacing, but not substantially changing or enlarging, an existing and lawfully located structure or facility used in the service of the public to provide electric, gas, water, telephone, telegraph or other telecommunication services, provided that written notice has been given to the Commission prior to commencement of work, and provided that the work conforms to performance standards and design specifications in regulations adopted by the Commission (8 interests of the "Act", cover sheet)

The application and permit by this bylaw shall not be required for emergency projects necessary for the protection of the health and safety of the public, provided that the work is to be performed by or has been ordered to be performed by an agency of the Commonwealth or a political subdivision thereof; provided that advance notice, oral or written, has been given to the Commission prior to commencement of work or within 24 hours after commencement; provided that the Commission or its agent certifies the work as an emergency project; provided that the work is performed only for the time and place certified by the Commission for the limited purposes necessary to abate the emergency; and provided that within 21 days of commencement of an emergency project a permit application shall be filed with the Commission for review as provided by this bylaw. Upon failure to meet these and other requirements of the Commission, the Commission may after notice and public hearing, revoke or modify an emergency project approval and order restoration and mitigation measures.

A 'Request for Determination of Applicability' may be requested, but no Notice of Intent need be filed for the replacement, repair, or installation of a residential septic system that meets the requirements of Title 5 of the State Environmental Code (310 CMR 15.00), and has received a permit from the Winchendon Board of Health, and that meets the setback requirements of this Bylaw.

Notwithstanding the other provisions of this Bylaw, the Commission may issue an 'Order of Conditions' for limited projects listed under Section 10.53(3) of the Wetland Protection regulations promulgated under the Massachusetts Wetland Protection Act (310 CMR 10.53 (3)).

Notwithstanding any provision of this chapter to the contrary, the alteration of any residential, business or institutional building or customary appurtenance thereto, such as lawns, gardens, landscaped or other developed areas, where such structure or appurtenance existed prior to the effective date of this bylaw, shall not be subject to this bylaw, but shall be regulated exclusively by the provisions of MGL c.131,s40.

Strict compliance with this Bylaw may be waived when, in the judgment of the Conservation Commission, such action is in the public interest and is consistent with the intent and purpose of the Bylaw. Any request for a waiver must be submitted to the Commission in writing. The waiver shall be presented at the time of filing along with a written justification stating why a waiver is desired or needed; is in the public benefit, and is

# BYLAWS OF THE TOWN OF WINCHENDON

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consistent with the intent and purpose of the Bylaw. In no cases will a decision under this bylaw be less stringent than the Wetland Protection Act's requirement.

Other than stated in the section, the exemptions provided in the Wetlands Protection Act (G.L. Ch. 131 S.40) and Regulations (310 CMR 10.00) shall not apply under this bylaw.

## SECTION 29.4: APPLICATIONS FOR PERMITS AND REQUESTS FOR DETERMINATION

Written application shall be filed with the Commission to perform activities affecting resource areas protected by this bylaw. The permit application shall include such information and plans as are deemed necessary by the Commission to describe proposed activities and their effects on the resource areas protected by this Bylaw. No activities shall commence without receiving and complying with a permit issued pursuant to this bylaw.

The Commission may waive the filing fee, consultant fee, and costs and expenses for a permit application or RDA filed by a government agency.

- a. Written application shall be filed with the Commission to perform activities affecting resource areas and buffer zones protected by this bylaw. The permit application shall include such information and plans as are deemed necessary by the Commission as specified in the bylaw. No activities shall commence without receiving and complying with a permit issued pursuant to this bylaw.
- b. The Commission may, where it deems it appropriate, accept as the permit application and plans under this bylaw the 'Notice of Intent' and plans required to be filed under the Wetlands Protection Act, MGL c.131 S40, and regulations, hereunder, at 310 CMR 10.00, et seq.
- c. Any person may request the Conservation Commission to make a determination as to whether or not a proposed project in the wetland or "buffer zone" is significant to the interests protected by the Bylaw. The Commission or its agents, may for the purpose of carrying out its duties under this Bylaw, request such plans or information as may be necessary for its evaluation, may enter upon the subject land, and may make or require to be made such examination or survey as it deems necessary.
- d. At the time of the permit application, the applicant shall pay a filing fee according to the schedule in the Town of Winchendon and Wetland Protection Act regulations. This fee is non-refundable.
- e. Any additional outside expert engineering or consultant services will be at the expense of the applicant. The entire fee must be received before the initiation of consulting services. Failure by applicant to pay consultant fee within 10 business days shall be cause for the Commission to declare the application administratively incomplete and deny the permit without prejudice, except in the case of an appeal. The Commission shall inform the applicant and Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) of such a decision in writing.
- f. All plans shall also show the location of the wetland boundaries and shall be at a scale of 1" = 40' or any such scale that adequately depicts the area.
- g. All properties shall be staked for any proposed buildings and wetland delineations.

# BYLAWS OF THE TOWN OF WINCHENDON

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- h. The Commission may extend an 'Order of Conditions' once for a period of up to three (3) years. Written requests for an Extension Permit shall be made not less than thirty calendar days prior to the expiration of said 'Order of Conditions'.
- i. The Commission may deny an 'Extension Permit' under any of the following circumstances:
  - Where no activity has begun on the project, except where such failure is due to unavoidable delay such as appeals in obtaining other necessary permits.
  - Where new information not available at the time of the original permit filing has become available and indicates that the 'Order of Conditions', is insufficient to protect the areas subject to protection.
  - Where activity is causing damage to areas subject to protection.
  - Where there has been activity in violation of the 'Order of Conditions'.
  - Where an extension permit has been previously granted for the "Order of Conditions.
- j. Site checks will be based on accessibility due to snow depth and ice.

The Commission in an appropriate case may accept as the permit application and plans under this bylaw any application and plans filed under the Wetlands Protection Act (MGL ch.131 Sec. 40) and Regulations (310 CMR 10.00), but the Commission is not obligated to do so.

Any person desiring to know whether or not a proposed activity or an area is subject to this bylaw may in writing request a determination from the Commission. Such a 'Request for Determination of Applicability' (RDA) or Abbreviated Notice of Resource Area Delineation (ANRAD) filed under the Act shall include information and plans as are deemed necessary by the Commission.

Any person may request the Conservation Commission to verify the precise boundaries of a resource area, including the buffer zone. A 'Request for Resource Area Delineation', using the form designated by the Commission, shall be sent by certified mail, or hand delivered to the Commission and standardized procedures will be followed under M.G.L. ch.131, s. 40. If the Commission determines that additional data or information is necessary, the hearing may be continued to a specific date and time announced at the hearing, agreeable to both the Applicant and the Commission. The 'Order of Resource Area Delineation' shall be issued within 21 days after the public hearing and may be identical to any such delineation issued under the provisions of the Massachusetts Wetlands Protection Act (M.G.L. Ch 131, s.40).

Any person submitting an application for a permit to build, that has the potential to acquire future permits for lots in the same boundary ownership, shall include in those plans, all boundaries of ownership for potential future building lots. This action may help prevent potential future non-conforming lots (hardships) involving the protection of wetland resource areas.

## SECTION 29.5: NOTICE AND HEARINGS

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Prior to issuing any permits or 'Order of Conditions' (Section 12.8.2 Determinations) the Conservation Commission shall hold a public hearing on any permit application, RDA or ANRAD with written notice given at the expense of the applicant. Notice of time and place of such hearing shall be posted not less than five (5) business days prior to the public hearing, by publication in a newspaper of general circulation in the town and by mailing a notice to the Applicant, the Board of Health and the Planning Board. Such hearing may be held at the same time and place as any public hearing required to be held under M.G.L. Ch 131, s.40. The Commission shall commence the public hearing within 21 days from receipt of a completed permit application, RDA or ANRAD unless an extension is authorized in writing by the applicant. The Commission shall have authority to continue the hearing to a specific date announced at the hearing, for reasons stated at the hearing, which may include the need for additional information from the applicant or others as deemed necessary by the Commission in its discretion.

## SECTION 29.6: BURDENS OF PROOF

The applicant for a permit shall have the burden of proving by a preponderance of the credible evidence that the work proposed in the permit application will not have an unacceptable significant or cumulative effect upon the resource area values protected by this bylaw. Failure to provide adequate evidence to the Commission supporting this burden shall be sufficient cause for the Commission to deny a permit or to grant a permit with conditions.

## SECTION 29.7: PERMITS AND CONDITIONS

The Conservation Commission may impose such conditions on any proposed removing, dredging, filling or altering as it deems necessary to protect and preserve the interests covered by this bylaw. In preparing the 'Order of Conditions', the Commission shall take into account the cumulative adverse effects of loss, degradation, isolation and replication of protected resource areas throughout the municipality, resulting from past activities, permitted and exempt, and foreseeable future activities. Such 'Order of Conditions' shall be in writing and may be subject to the same constraints and be identical to any such order issued by the Conservation Commission under the provisions of MGL. Ch131, s.40, or successor statutes, and shall be issued within 21 days after the public hearing. Such 'Order of Conditions' will expire three years from the date of issuance, unless renewed prior to expiration. No proposed work governed by an 'Order of Conditions' shall be undertaken until all permits, approvals, and variances required by local Bylaws have been obtained and all applicable appeal periods have expired. The final 'Order of Conditions' issued under this bylaw shall be recorded with the Registry of Deeds for the district in which the land is located. However, if said 'Order' is identical to the final 'Order of Conditions' issued under the provisions of M.G.L. 131, s40, only one 'Order of Conditions' need be recorded. If a wetland replication is required, the applicant will adhere to replication procedures established by the Commission or as set down in the Commission's rules and Regulations.

If the Conservation Commission, after a public hearing, determines that the activities which are subject to the permit application, or the land and water uses which will result therefrom, are likely to have a significant individual or cumulative effect on the resource area values protected by this bylaw, the Commission, within 21

# BYLAWS OF THE TOWN OF WINCHENDON

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days of the close of the hearing, shall issue or deny a permit for the activities requested. The Commission shall take into account the extent to which the applicant has avoided, minimized and mitigated any such effect. The Commission also shall take into account any loss, degradation, isolation, and replacement or replication of such protected resource areas elsewhere in the community and the watershed, resulting in past activities, whether permitted, unpermitted or exempt, and foreseeable future activities. The Commission may waive specifically identified and requested procedures, design specifications, performance standards, or other requirements set forth in its regulations, provided that: the Commission finds in writing after said public hearing that there are no reasonable conditions or alternatives that would allow the proposed activity to proceed in compliance with said regulations; that avoidance, minimization and mitigation have been employed to the maximum extent feasible; A waiver may then be necessary to accommodate an overriding public interest or to avoid a decision that so restricts the use of the property as to constitute an unconstitutional taking without compensation.

In reviewing activities within a buffer zone, the Commission shall presume the buffer zone is important to the protection of other resource areas because work performed in close proximity have a high likelihood of adverse impact, either immediately, as a consequence of construction, or over time, as a consequence of daily operation or existence of the activities. These adverse impacts from construction and use can include, without limitation, erosion, siltation, loss of groundwater recharge, poor water quality, and loss of wildlife habitat. The Commission may establish, in its regulations, design specifications, performance standards, and other measures and safeguards, including setbacks, no-disturb areas, no-build areas, and other work limits for protection of such lands, including without limitation strips of continuous, undisturbed vegetative cover, unless the applicant shows the Commission that part or in total area may be disturbed without harm to the values protected by this bylaw.

In accordance to the riverfront area, the Commission will presume that this area is important to all the resource area values, unless demonstrated otherwise, and no permit will be issued unless the applicant, having met all applicable requirements of this bylaw, has proven by a preponderance of the evidence that (1) there is no practicable alternative to the proposed activities with less adverse effects, and that (2) such activities, including proposed mitigation measures, will have no significant adverse impact on the areas and values protected by this bylaw. The Commission shall regard the overall project and alternatives in which are practicable and reasonable and capable of being done after taking into consideration the proposed property use, overall project purpose (e.g., residential, institutional, commercial, or industrial) logistics, existing technology, costs for the alternatives and overall project costs.

To prevent a loss of resource areas, and minimize alteration; the Commission shall require applicants to avoid alteration wherever feasible; to minimize alteration, and where alteration is unavoidable the Commission will authorize or require replication of wetlands. These replication areas must have professional design, specific plans and proper safeguards. There must be professional monitoring and reporting to ensure its success.

# BYLAWS OF THE TOWN OF WINCHENDON

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The Commission may require a wildlife habitat study of a proposed project area at the expense of the applicant, regardless of the location of the resource area. The decision shall be based on vital information of actual or possible presence of rare plant or animal species in the area. The work shall be done by someone who meets the qualifications listed in the wildlife habitat section of the Wetlands Protection Act regulations (310 CMR 10.60)

The Commission will accept all areas meeting the definition of “vernal pools” (see Section 20, Definitions) under this bylaw, to include adjacent areas subject to essential habitat functions. This presumption may be overcome by credible evidence that the basin or depression does not provide essential habitat functions.

Amendments to permits, DOAs (Determination of Applicability), or ORADs (Order of Resource Area Delineation) shall be handled in the manner set out in the Wetlands Protection Act regulations and policies thereunder.

## SECTION 29.8: INSPECTIONS

All projects for which an ‘Order of Conditions’ has been issued under this Bylaw are subject to inspections by the members of the Conservation or its duly appointed agent. No construction within the conditioned area will commence without the following items being completed:

- (a) The ten day appeal period
- (b) The DEP filing number issued for this project must be posted at the site.
- (c) All mitigation controls must be in place as to plans.
- (d) The ‘Order of conditions’ must be recorded with the Registry of Deeds and a copy forwarded to this commission.
- (e) A copy of the ‘Order of Conditions’ must be on site.

## SECTION 29.9: SETBACKS FOR ACTIVITIES

The following are the minimum distances (setbacks) from the edge of wetlands or vernal pools (see Section 20, Definitions). No activity shall be allowed within these setbacks except as provided below. These setbacks are the minimum and may be extended further if deemed necessary for the protections of the interests of the Bylaw by the Commission.

Example: seasonal high water line, topography, industrial verses residential.

The setbacks shall be as follows:

- (a) 0-foot setback for wetland-dependent structures (drain outfalls, weirs, etc.), fences, and structures necessary for upland access where reasonable alternative access is unavailable.
- (b) 50-foot setback of undisturbed natural vegetation.
- (c) 75-foot setback of no build/structure zone.

# BYLAWS OF THE TOWN OF WINCHENDON

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When in the opinion of the Commission, compliance with these setbacks will result in greater harm to the interests of this bylaw, or that no harm would be done to the interests of this bylaw, by the proposed action, (e.g., non-motorized boat shed, mooring) the Commission would then waive by degree these setbacks. The Conservation Commission is permitted to grant such waivers.

**Pre-existing** activities or structures not meeting the setbacks set forth prior to this law need not be discontinued or removed (but are deemed to be nonconforming). No new activity shall be commenced and no new structure shall be located closer to the edge of wetlands or vernal pools than this Bylaw allows unless such activity or structure will not affect the interests protected by the bylaw no more adversely than the existing activity or structure.

## SECTION 29.10: EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL

Where activities are proposed within the buffer zone, erosion and sedimentation barriers and other erosion controls as necessary shall be installed between the area of activity and the wetlands or vernal pool to prevent sediment into said areas. Similarly, the same erosion controls shall be installed when activities outside the buffer zone create a significant potential for transport of sediment into wetlands or vernal pools.

## SECTION 29.11: STORAGE OF FILL OR MATERIALS

If any fill is to be stored on site, it shall be stored outside of the buffer zone and/or it shall be surrounded by staked hay bales to prevent erosion and sedimentation. No storage, disposal or burial of construction debris (Example: scrap lumber, metals, concrete, asphalt, piping, logs, stumps, etc.) shall be allowed within the buffer zone without the express permission of the Commission in an 'Order of Conditions'.

## SECTION 29.12: WETLANDS REPLACEMENT

Wetlands or Vernal Pools that are altered shall in all instances be replaced by replacement wetlands of similar character. Replicated wetlands shall include, at minimum, equal area as the altered wetlands or vernal pool in a hydrologically connected location to the unaltered remainder of the wetlands or vernal pool. All replicated areas shall be completed before any other construction is allowed unless specifically addressed in the 'Order of Conditions'.

## SECTION 29.12A: Requirements for Wetland Replacement

Projects involving the filling and/or permanent alteration of wetlands or vernal pools shall meet the following requirements:

- (a) The proposed replacement area design must be submitted to the Commission for approval as part of the 'Notice of Intent'.
- (b) The replacement area must be shown to duplicate sufficiently the functions of the wetland proposed to be altered.

# BYLAWS OF THE TOWN OF WINCHENDON

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- (c) The replacement area shall be constructed, to the extent possible, immediately after alteration of the existing wetland and during the same growing season.
- (d) If after three growing seasons, the Commission determines that the replacement area has not satisfactorily developed into a wetland or vernal pool, the applicant or owner may be required to submit new plans to successfully replicate the original altered wetland. No 'Certificate of Compliance' shall be issued until the Commission has determined that a satisfactory replacement area has been completed. (see section 21, definitions)

## SECTION 29.13: DENIAL

The Conservation Commission is empowered to deny a permit for failure to meet the requirements of this bylaw; for failure to submit necessary information and plans requested by the Commission; for failure to meet the design specifications, performance standards, and other requirements in regulations of the Commission; for failure to avoid or prevent unacceptable significant or cumulatively adverse effects upon the wetland values protected by this bylaw; or where the commission deems that no conditions are adequate to protect those values. Due consideration shall be given to any demonstrated hardship on the applicant by reason of denial, as presented at the public hearing.

## SECTION 29.14: PRIOR VIOLATION

Any person who purchases, inherits or otherwise acquires real estate upon which work has been done in violation of any order pursuant to this Bylaw, shall forthwith comply with any such order, or restore such real estate to its condition prior to any such violation; provided however that no such action, civil or criminal shall be brought against such person unless commenced within three (3) years following the date of acquisition of the real estate by such person.

## SECTION 29.15: BOND

The Conservation Commission may require the posting of a bond with surety, running to the Town of Winchendon, sufficient as to form and surety in the opinion of the town counsel, to secure the faithful and satisfactory performance of work required by any final 'Order of Conditions', in such sum and upon such conditions as the Commission may require. Other evidence of financial responsibility which is satisfactory to the Commission may be accepted in lieu of a bond. Notwithstanding the above, the amount of such bond shall not exceed either the estimated cost of the work required by the final 'Order of conditions', or the estimated cost of the work required for the restoration of affected lands and properties if the work is not performed as required, whichever is greater.

## SECTION 29.16: RULES AND REGULATIONS

After due notice and public hearing, the Conservation Commission may promulgate procedural rules and regulations to effectuate the purposes of this bylaw, effective when voted and filed with the town clerk. However, failure to promulgate such rules and regulations or a legal declaration of their invalidity by a court of law shall not act to suspend or invalidate the effect of this bylaw.

# BYLAWS OF THE TOWN OF WINCHENDON

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## SECTION 29.17: ENFORCEMENT

The following provides a list of specific violations definable by this Bylaw:

- Alteration of a wetland or Vernal Pool without an 'Order of Conditions' issued pursuant to this bylaw.
- Work within the buffer zone without prior submittal of 'Request for Determination of Applicability' or 'Notice of Intent'.
- Failure to provide sedimentation controls required by an 'Order of Conditions'.
- Disposal of construction debris within the buffer zone.
- Failure to construct storm water or drainage structure according to plans.
- Storage of fill within a buffer zone (except as allowed by the 'Orders of Conditions')

A fine for the specific violations listed above is \$300.00.

Any person who violates any provision of this bylaw or of any condition of a permit issued pursuant to it may be subject to a fine of not more than \$300.00. Each day during which a violation continues may constitute a separate violation.

The Commission, its agent or officers, have the authority to enter upon privately owned land for the purpose of performing their duties under this bylaw, subject to the constitutions and laws of the United States and the Commonwealth.

The Commission shall have the right to enforce this bylaw, its regulations and permits issued by letters, phone calls, electronic communication and/or other informal methods. As an alternative to criminal prosecution in a specific case, the Commission may issue citations with specific penalties pursuant to the non-criminal disposition procedure set forth in G.L. Ch. 40 S.21D.

Municipal boards and officers, including any police officer or other officer having police powers, shall have the authority to assist the Commission in enforcement under civil law.

## SECTION 29:18: APPEALS

A decision of the Commission may be reviewed by the Superior Court in an action filed within 60 days thereof, in accordance with Massachusetts General Law 249, Section 4.

## SECTION 29.19: SEVERABILITY

The invalidity of any section or provision of this bylaw shall not invalidate any other section or provision thereof.

## SECTION 29:20: DEFINITIONS

# BYLAWS OF THE TOWN OF WINCHENDON

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The following definitions shall apply in the interpretation and implementation of this bylaw:

The term **'alter'** shall include, without limitation, the following activities when undertaken to, upon, within or affecting resource areas protected by this bylaw:

- A. Removal, excavation, or dredging of soil, sand, gravel, or aggregate materials of any kind.
- B. The change of pre-existing drainage characteristics, flushing characteristics, salinity distribution, sedimentation patterns, flow patterns, or flood retention characteristics.
- C. Drainage or other disturbance of water level or water table.
- D. Dumping, discharging or filling with any material which may degrade water quality.
- E. Placing of fill or removal of material, which would alter elevation.
- F. Driving of piles, erection or repair of buildings, or structures of any kind.
- G. Placing of obstructions or objects in water.
- H. Destruction of plant life including cutting of trees.
- I. Changing temperature, biochemical oxygen demand or other physical, biology, or chemical characteristics of any waters.
- J. Any activities, changes, or work which may cause or tend to contribute to pollution of any body of water or groundwater.
- K. Incremental activities, which have, or may have, a cumulative adverse impact on the resource areas protected by this bylaw.

The term **'Abbreviated Notice of Resource Area Delineation'** (ANORAD) is the application used for requesting the review of wetland boundary lines.

The term **'bank'** shall include the land area which normally abuts and confines a water body; the lower boundary being the mean annual low flow level, and the upper boundary being the first observable break in the slope or the mean annual flood level, whichever is higher.

The term **'Certificate of Compliance'** means a written determination by the issuing authority that work or a portion thereof has been completed in accordance with an order.

The term **'Determination of Applicability'** is the response to a 'RDA'. A negative response means the project in a buffer zone may move forward without adverse effects in a resource area. A positive response means that the applicant must file a 'Notice of Intent'.

The term **'Notice of Intent'** is an application that is used when work is in a resource area or buffer zone. The abutters are notified of a project and posted 5 business days prior to a hearing.

# BYLAWS OF THE TOWN OF WINCHENDON

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The term ‘**Order of Conditions,**’ is a document issued by a Conservation Commission containing conditions which regulate or prohibit an activity in a resource area.

The term ‘**Orders of Resource Area Delineation**’ (ORAD) is the document used to answer the ‘Abbreviated Notice of Resource Area Delineation’.

The term ‘**person**’ shall include any individual, group of individuals, association, partnership, corporation, company business organization, trust, estate, the Commonwealth, or political subdivision thereof, to the extent subject to town bylaws, administrative agency, public or quasi-public corporation or body, this municipality, and any other legal entity, its legal representatives, agents or assigns.

The term ‘**rare species**’ shall include, without limitation, all vertebrate and invertebrate animals and plant species listed as endangered, threatened, or of special concern by the Mass. Division of Fisheries and Wildlife, regardless of whether the site in which they occur has been previously identified by the Division.

The term ‘**Request for Determination of Applicability (RDA)**, is an application used in the wetlands regulations that would determine an impact to wetlands, whether laws apply to a particular area and project.

The term ‘**vernal pool**’ shall include, in addition to scientific definitions found in the regulations under the Wetland Protection Act, any confined basin, or depression not occurring in existing lawns, gardens, or driveways which, at least in most years, holds water for a minimum of two continuous months during the spring and/or summer, contains at least 200 cubic feet of water most years and which is free of adult fish populations, and provides a habitat for breeding and rearing of vernal pool species, as well as the area within 100 feet of the mean annual high-water line of such a depression, regardless of whether the site has been certified by the Massachusetts Division of Fisheries and Wildlife. The definitions and procedures in this bylaw shall be set forth as in the Wetlands Protection Act (MGL Ch. 131 S. 40) and regulations (310 CMR 10.00)

Except as otherwise provided in this bylaw or in regulations of the Commission, the definitions of terms in this bylaw shall be as set forth in the Wetlands Protection Act (MGL Ch. 131 Sec. 40) and Regulations (310 CMR 10.00)

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## ARTICLE 30 RIGHT TO FARM BYLAW

(November 8, 2007)

### SECTION 30.1: LEGISLATIVE PURPOSE AND INTENT

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The purpose and intent of this By-law is to state with emphasis the Right to Farm accorded to all citizens of the Commonwealth under Article 97, of the Constitution and all state statutes and regulations there under including but not limited to Massachusetts General Laws Chapter 40A, Section 3, Paragraph 1; Chapter 90, Section 9, Chapter 111, Section 125A and Chapter 128 Section 1A. We as citizens of Winchendon restate and republish these rights pursuant to the Town's authority conferred by Article 89 of the Articles of Amendment of the Massachusetts Constitution, ("Home Rule Amendment").

This general By-law encourages the pursuit of agriculture, promotes agriculture-based economic opportunities and protects farmlands within Winchendon by allowing agricultural uses and related activities to function with minimal conflict with abutters and local agencies. This By-law shall apply to all jurisdictional areas within the Town of Winchendon.

## SECTION 30.2: DEFINITIONS

For the purpose of this by-law, any definition of farming and agriculture shall refer to MGL Chapter 128: Section 1A. which states: "Farming" or "agriculture" shall include farming in all of its branches and the cultivation and tillage of the soil, dairying, the production, cultivation, growing and harvesting of any agricultural, aquacultural, floricultural or horticultural commodities, the growing and harvesting of forest products upon forest land, the raising of livestock including horses, the keeping of horses as a commercial enterprise, the keeping and raising of poultry, swine, cattle and other domesticated animals used for food purposes, bees, fur-bearing animals, and any forestry or lumbering operations, performed by a farmer, who is hereby defined as one engaged in agriculture or farming as herein defined, or on a farm as an incident to or in conjunction with such farming operations, including preparations for market, delivery to storage or to market or to carriers for transportation to market.

The word "farm" shall include any parcel or contiguous parcels of land, or water bodies used for the primary purpose of commercial agriculture, or accessory thereto.

The words "farming or agriculture" or their derivatives shall include, but not be limited to the following:

- farming in all its branches and the cultivation and tillage of the soil;
- the cultivation and harvesting of orchard produce such apples, peaches and pears;
- dairying;
- production, cultivation, growing and harvesting of any agricultural, aqua cultural, floricultural, viticulture or horticultural commodities;
- growing and sustainably harvesting of forest products upon forest land;
- raising of livestock including horses;
- keeping of horses as a commercial enterprise; and

# BYLAWS OF THE TOWN OF WINCHENDON

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- keeping and raising poultry, swine, cattle, sheep, ratites (such as emus, ostriches and rheas) and camelids (such as llamas, alpacas and camels), and other domesticated animals for food and other agricultural purposes, including bees and fur bearing animals.

“Farming” shall encompass activities including but not limited to, the following:

- operation and transportation of slow moving farm equipment over roads within the town;
- control of pests, including but not limited to, insects, weeds, predators and disease organism of plants and animals;
- application of manure, fertilizers and pesticides;
- conducting agriculture-related educational and farm based recreational activities, including agri-tourism, provided that the activities are related to marketing the agricultural output or services of the farm.
- Processing and packaging of the agricultural output of the farm and the operation of a farmer’s market or farm stand including signage thereto;
- maintenance, repair or storage of seasonal equipment or apparatus owned or leased by the farm owner or manager and used expressly for the purpose of propagation, processing, management or sale of the agricultural products;
- on-farm relocation of earth and the clearing of ground for farming operations;
- On farm revitalizing drainage or irrigation ditches, picking stone, erecting repairing and maintaining fences, and clearing, rejuvenation and maintaining pastures; and
- herding of livestock from area to area, including along roads.

## SECTION 30.3: RIGHT TO FARM DECLARATION

The right to farm is hereby recognized to exist within the Town of Winchendon. The above-described agricultural activities may occur on holidays, weekdays and weekends by night or day and shall include the attendant incidental noise, odors, dust and fumes associated with normally accepted agricultural practices. It is hereby determined that whatever impact may be caused to others through the normal practice of agriculture is more than offset by the benefits of farming to the neighborhood, community, and society in general. The benefits and protections of this By-law/Ordinance are intended to apply exclusively to those commercial agricultural and farming operations and activities conducted in accordance with generally accepted agricultural practices. Moreover, nothing in this Right-to-Farm By-Law/Ordinance shall be deemed as acquiring any interest or land, or as imposing any land use regulation, which is properly the subject of state statute, regulation or local zoning law.

## SECTION 30.4: DISCLOSURE NOTIFICATIONS

Not later than 21 days after the purchase and sale contract is entered into, or prior to the sale or exchange of real property if no purchase or sale agreement exists, for the purchase or exchange of real property, or prior to the acquisition of a leasehold interest or other possessory interest in real property, located in the Town of

# BYLAWS OF THE TOWN OF WINCHENDON

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Winchendon, the landowner shall present the buyer or occupant with a disclosure notification which states the following:

“It is the policy of this community to conserve, protect and encourage the maintenance and improvement of agricultural land for the protection of food, and other agricultural products, and also for its ecological value. This disclosure notification is to inform buyers or occupants that the property they are about to acquire or occupy lays within a town where farming activities occur. Such farming activities may include, but are not limited to, activities that cause noise, dust and odors. Buyers or occupants are also informed that the location of property within the Town may be impacted by commercial agricultural operations.

A copy of this disclosure notification shall be given on a form prepared by the Town and shall be signed by the landowner prior to the sale, purchase, exchange or occupancy of such real property. A copy of the disclosure notification must be filed with the town manager or his/her designee prior to the sale, purchase or occupancy of such real property. In addition to the above, a copy of this disclosure notification shall be provided by the Town to land owners each fiscal year by mail.

A violation of Section 4 shall be subject to a fine of \$300 and shall be enforced by the Town Manager. The Town is authorized to enforce Section 4 under the non-criminal disposition provision of G.L. c. 40, Paragraph 21D.

## SECTION 30.5: RESOLUTIONS OF DISPUTES

Any person who seeks to complain about the operation of a farm may, notwithstanding pursuing any other available remedy, file a grievance with the Town Manager and the issue will be referred to the proper board, depending upon the nature of the grievance. The filing of the grievance does not suspend the time within which to pursue any other available remedies that the aggrieved may have. The Town Manager may forward a copy of the grievance to the Agricultural Commission or its agent, which shall review and facilitate the resolution of the grievance, and report its recommendations to the referring Town authority within an agreed upon time frame.

The Board of Health, except in cases of imminent danger or public health risk, may forward a copy of the grievance to the Agricultural Commission or its agent, which shall review and facilitate the resolution of the grievance, and report its recommendations to Board of Health within an agreed upon time frame.

## SECTION 30.6: SEVERABILITY CLAUSE

If any part of this By-Law is for any reason held to be unconstitutional or invalid, such decision shall not affect the remainder of this By-Law/Ordinance. The Town of Winchendon hereby declares the provisions of this By-Law/Ordinance to be severable.

## ARTICLE 31

# BYLAWS OF THE TOWN OF WINCHENDON

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## LOW IMPACT DEVELOPMENT (LID)

(May 18, 2009)

### INTRODUCTION

Land uses in Town affect our streams, lakes and water supplies. Careful planning of new development and redevelopment will protect the quality and health of these important water resources. Therefore, the Town of Winchendon enacts this Low Impact Development bylaw to provide guidance that will prevent harmful impacts from land development activities.

### 1.0 PURPOSES AND AUTHORITY

#### 1.1 Purposes

The purpose of this Bylaw is to protect, maintain and enhance the public health, safety, environment and general welfare by establishing requirements and procedures to manage stormwater runoff, promote groundwater recharge and to prevent water pollution from new development and redevelopment. This Bylaw seeks to meet that purpose through the following objectives:

1. Establish regulations for land development activities that preserve the health of water resources;
2. In new development, require that the amount of stormwater runoff is equal to or less than pre-development conditions and that the quality of stormwater runoff is equal to or better than pre-development conditions in order to reduce flooding, stream erosion, pollution, property damage and harm to terrestrial and aquatic life;
3. Establish LID management standards and design criteria to control the quantity and quality of stormwater runoff;
4. Implement “low impact development practices,” such as reducing impervious cover and preserving greenspace and other natural areas to reduce stormwater runoff and maintain hydrologic function;
5. Establish maintenance provisions to ensure that stormwater treatment practices will continue to function as designed and pose no threat to public safety;
6. Establish procedures for the Town’s review of low impact development plans and for the Town’s inspection of approved stormwater treatment practices.

1.2 Nothing in this Bylaw is intended to replace the requirements of either, the Town of Winchendon Zoning Bylaw, Wetlands Protection Bylaw, Wetland Conservancy District, Flood Plain Conservancy Districts, Groundwater Protection Overlay District or any other Bylaw that has been or may be adopted by the Town of Winchendon. Any activity subject to the provisions of these Bylaws must comply with the specifications of each.

# BYLAWS OF THE TOWN OF WINCHENDON

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## 1.3 Authority

This Bylaw is adopted under authority granted by the Home Rule Amendment of the Massachusetts Constitution, and pursuant to the regulations of the federal Clean Water Act, and as authorized by the residents of the Town of Winchendon at Town Meeting, dated May 18, 2009.

## 2.0 DEFINITIONS

These definitions shall apply in the interpretation and implementation of the Bylaw. Terms not defined in this section shall be understood according to their customary and usual meaning. Additional definitions may be adopted by separate regulation.

**ACCESSORY BUILDING:** A subordinate or secondary building situated on the same lot or parcel with a principal building, the use of which is customarily incidental to that of the main building or land use.

**ALTER:** Any activity, which will measurably change the ability of a ground surface area to absorb water or will change existing surface drainage patterns. Alter may be similarly represented as “alteration of drainage characteristics,” and “conducting land disturbance activities.” A land altering activity includes the cutting of trees of greater than 6 inch caliper Diameter Breast Height (DBH).

**APPLICANT:** A property owner, agent of a property owner, person or persons, including a corporation, trust or other legal entity, who applies for issuance of a LID Permit in accordance with this bylaw.

**BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICE (BMP):** Structural, non-structural and managerial techniques that are recognized to be the most effective and practical means to prevent and/or reduce increases in stormwater volumes and flows, reduce point source and nonpoint source pollution, and promote stormwater quality and protection of the environment. “Structural” BMPs are devices that are engineered and constructed to provide temporary storage and treatment of stormwater runoff. “Nonstructural” BMPs use natural measures to reduce pollution levels, do not require extensive construction efforts, and/or promote pollutant reduction by eliminating the pollutant source.

**BETTER SITE DESIGN:** Site design approaches and techniques that can reduce a site’s impact on the watershed through the use of nonstructural LID Management practices. Better site design includes conserving and protecting natural areas and greenspace, reducing impervious cover, and using natural features for LID Management.

# BYLAWS OF THE TOWN OF WINCHENDON

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**BUILDING ENCLOSURE:** The building assemblies comprising the outer structure of a building that enclose living and storage spaces including walls, windows, doors, roof, floors and foundation; also, building envelope, building shell.

**DEVELOPMENT:** The modification of land to accommodate a new use or expansion of use, usually involving construction.

**DISTURBANCE OF LAND:** Any action that causes a change in the position, location, or arrangement of soil, sand, rock, gravel or similar earth material. A land altering activity includes the cutting of trees of greater than 6 inch caliper Diameter Breast Height (DBH).

**FOREST CUTTING PLAN:** A plan for the cutting of trees on forest land, which is prepared and submitted in accordance with M.G.L. Chapter 132 Sections 40 - 46A. The forest cutting plan requires approval by a Service Forester of the Massachusetts Department of Conservation and Recreation, as provided under 304 CMR 11.04.

**IMPERVIOUS SURFACE:** Any material or structure on or above the ground that prevents water from infiltrating through the underlying soil. Impervious surface is defined to include, without limitation: paved parking lots, sidewalks, roof tops, driveways, patios, paved recreation areas and paved, gravel and compacted dirt surfaced roads.

**LANDSCAPING:** Landscaping includes a range of maintenance and construction activities aimed at shaping, defining, and enhancing out-door spaces and environments inhabited by people. It is practiced as both a science and an art. Landscaping involves working with functional site conditions of water, soil, seasonality, wind, and light conditions, requires a thorough knowledge of plant materials, and strives to shape our living environments to achieve aesthetic effects.

**LOW IMPACT DEVELOPMENT:** Low Impact Development (LID) is an approach to land development that uses land planning and design practices and technologies to simultaneously conserve and protect natural resource systems and reduce infrastructure costs. LID seeks to design the built environment to remain a functioning part of an ecosystem rather than exist apart from it. LID tools are used to plan and engineer urban and rural sites to maintain or restore the hydrologic and ecological functions of their watersheds.

**LID AUTHORITY:** The Town of Winchendon Planning Board is duly authorized to administer, implement, and enforce these LID Bylaws. The LID Authority is responsible for coordinating the review, approval and permit process as defined in this Bylaw. Other Boards and/or departments participate in the review process as defined in Section 4 of these LID Bylaws.

# BYLAWS OF THE TOWN OF WINCHENDON

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**LID DESIGN CRITERIA:** Best management practices and specifications for the use of LID. Projects that comply with prescribed requirements may be allowed reductions in stormwater management requirements when techniques are used to reduce stormwater runoff at the site.

**LOW IMPACT DEVELOPMENT PERMIT (LIDP):** A permit issued by the LID Authority for projects in the categories and meeting the standards defined in this Bylaw, after review of an application, plans, calculations, and other supporting documents. Projects in these categories that meet these generic standards and are properly implemented are assumed to meet the requirements and intent of this Bylaw which is designed to protect the environment of the Town of Winchendon from the deleterious affects of uncontrolled and untreated stormwater runoff.

**MASSACHUSETTS STORMWATER MANAGEMENT STANDARDS AND HANDBOOK:** The policy issued by the Department of Environmental Protection, and as amended, that coordinates the requirements prescribed by state regulations promulgated under the authority of the Massachusetts Wetlands Protection Act G.L. c. 131 § 40 and Massachusetts Clean Waters Act G.L. c. 21, §. 23-56. The policy addresses stormwater impacts through implementation of performance standards to reduce or prevent pollutants from reaching water bodies and control the quantity of runoff from a site.

**NONPOINT SOURCE POLLUTION:** Pollution from many diffuse sources caused by rainfall or snowmelt moving over and through the ground. As the runoff moves, it picks up and carries away natural and human-made pollutants, finally depositing them into water resource areas.

**PERSON:** Any individual, group of individuals, association, partnership, corporation, company, business organization, trust, estate, the Commonwealth or political subdivision thereof to the extent subject to Town Bylaws, administrative agency, public or quasi-public corporation or body, the Town of Winchendon, and any other legal entity, its legal representatives, agents, or assigns.

**POST-DEVELOPMENT:** The conditions that reasonably may be expected or anticipated to exist after completion of the land development activity on a specific site or tract of land. Post-development refers to the phase of a new development or redevelopment project after completion, and does not refer to the construction phase of a project.

**PRE-DEVELOPMENT:** The conditions that exist at the time that plans for the land development of a tract of land are submitted to the LID Authority. Where phased development or plan approval occurs (preliminary grading, roads and utilities, etc.), the existing conditions at the time prior to the first plan submission shall establish pre-development conditions. For the purpose of meeting the sizing criteria of structural stormwater management devices as required in the LID Regulations [Section 7.2.9.2], the standard for characterizing pre-development land use for on-site areas shall be woods.

# BYLAWS OF THE TOWN OF WINCHENDON

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RECHARGE: The replenishment of underground water reserves.

REDEVELOPMENT: Any construction, alteration, transportation, improvement exceeding land disturbance of 20,000 square feet, where the existing land use is commercial, industrial, institutional, or multi-family residential.

## 3.0 SCOPE AND APPLICABILITY

3.1.1 This Bylaw shall be applicable to all new development and redevelopment including, but not limited to, site plan applications, subdivision applications and applications for earth removal permits. The bylaw shall apply to any activities that will result in an increased amount of stormwater runoff or pollutants from a parcel of land, or that will alter the drainage characteristics of a parcel of land, unless exempt under Section 3.2 of this Bylaw. A LID Permit shall be required for all new development and redevelopment under the jurisdiction of this bylaw. The LID permit process shall be coordinated with existing permitting, where applicable.

3.1.2 An alteration, redevelopment, or conversion of land use or activities to those with higher potential pollutant loadings such as: auto salvage yards, auto fueling facilities, fleet storage yards, commercial parking lots, road salt storage areas, commercial nurseries and landscaping, outdoor storage and loading areas of hazardous substances, or marinas, shall require a LID Permit.

3.1.3 Redevelopment projects are presumed to meet the specified LID requirements described in this Bylaw if the total impervious cover is reduced by at least 40% from existing conditions. Where site conditions prevent the reduction in impervious cover, LID practices shall be implemented to provide stormwater controls for at least 40% of the site's original impervious area. When a combination of impervious area reduction and LID practice implementation is used for redevelopment projects, the combination of impervious area reduction and the area controlled by a LID practice shall equal or exceed 40%.

## 3.2 Exemptions

No person shall alter land within the Town of Winchendon without having obtained a LID Permit for the property with the following exceptions:

3.2.1 Any activity that will disturb or alter an area less than 20,000 square feet unless site plan, subdivision or review for an earth removal permit are required. An applicant claiming exemption under this 20,000 square foot rule shall be required to document that the extent of land disturbance or alteration is less than 20,000 square feet. The area required for construction of a one- or two-family residential dwelling septic system shall be exempt.

3.2.2 Normal maintenance and improvement of land in agricultural use as defined by the Wetlands Protection Act Bylaw 310 CMR 10.04 and MGL Chapter 40A Section 3.

# BYLAWS OF THE TOWN OF WINCHENDON

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3.2.3 Conversion of land to agricultural use for crops and/or pasture, provided that such conversion is supported by the Winchendon Agricultural Commission and the project employs best management practices for LID;

3.2.4 Timber harvesting conducted under the terms of an approved Forest Cutting Plan as defined by the Forest Cutting Practices Act regulation 304 CMR 11.00 and MGL Chapter 132 Sections 40 through 46;

3.2.5 Maintenance of existing landscaping, gardens or lawn areas associated with a residential dwelling;

3.2.6 Construction, repair or replacement of a one- or two-family residential dwelling septic system.

3.2.7 Repair or replacement of an existing roof of a residential dwelling;

3.2.8 The construction of any fence that will not alter existing terrain or drainage patterns;

3.2.9 Construction of utilities serving a one- or two-family residential dwelling (gas, water, electric, telephone, etc.), other than drainage, which will not alter terrain, ground cover, or drainage patterns;

3.2.10 Emergency repairs to any Stormwater Management device or practice that poses a threat to public health or safety, or as deemed necessary by the LID Authority;

3.2.11 Stormwater discharges resulting from the activities subject to this Bylaw that are wholly subject to jurisdiction under the Wetlands Protection Act and/or the Town of Winchendon Wetlands Protection Bylaw, and that demonstrate compliance with the Massachusetts Stormwater Management Standards as reflected in an Order of Conditions issued by the Conservation Commission;

3.2.12 Any work or projects for which all necessary approvals and permits have been issued before the effective date of this Bylaw.

3.3 Due to the many benefits of low impact development, persons exempt from this bylaw are encouraged to use stormwater control and site planning methods described in the Town of Winchendon Best Development Practices Guidebook.

## 4.0 ADMINISTRATION

4.1 The Planning Board is hereby designated as the LID Authority. The LID Authority shall administer, implement and shall enforce this Bylaw. Any powers granted or duties imposed upon the LID Authority may be delegated in writing by the LID Authority to its employees or agents.

4.2 LID Regulations The LID Authority shall adopt, implement and may periodically amend, rules and regulations relating to the terms, conditions, definitions, enforcement, fees (including application, inspection, and/or consultant fees), procedures and administration of this LID Bylaw by majority vote of the LID

# BYLAWS OF THE TOWN OF WINCHENDON

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Authority, after conducting a public hearing to receive comments on any proposed revisions. Such hearing dates shall be advertised in a newspaper of general local circulation, at least fourteen (14) days prior to the hearing date. After public notice and public hearing, the LID Authority may issue rules and regulations to fulfill the purposes of this Bylaw. Failure by the LID Authority to issue such rules and regulations or a legal declaration of their invalidity by a court shall not suspend or invalidate the effect of this Bylaw.

4.3 The LID Authority may, with the concurrence of the Applicant, designate another Town Board, including, but not limited to, the Conservation Commission, Zoning Board of Appeals and Board of Health, as its authorized agent for the purposes of reviewing LID submittals and approving LID Permits for any project within that particular Board's jurisdiction.

4.4 Stormwater Management Standards and Handbook The LID Authority will use the policy, criteria and information, including specifications and standards, of the latest edition of the Massachusetts Stormwater Management Standards and Handbook to execute the provisions of this Bylaw. The Handbook includes a list of acceptable stormwater treatment practices, including specific design criteria for each. The Standards and Handbook may be updated and expanded periodically, based on improvements in engineering, science, monitoring, and local maintenance experience. Unless specifically revised in the LID Regulations, stormwater management practices that are designed, constructed, and maintained in accordance with these design and sizing criteria will be presumed to be protective of Massachusetts water quality standards.

4.5 Actions by the LID Authority The LID Authority may take any of the following actions as a result of an application for a LID Permit: Approval, Approval with Conditions or Disapproval.

4.6 Appeals of Action by the LID Authority The decisions or orders of the LID Authority shall be final. Further relief shall be to a court of competent jurisdiction.

4.7 LID Design Criteria The LID Authority shall adopt LID Design Criteria through the Regulations authorized by this LID Bylaw. Applicants are required to use these Design Criteria to assess the effectiveness of the use of LID better site design practices to decrease stormwater runoff at the site. Projects that comply with LID Design Criteria may be allowed reductions in stormwater management requirements specified in the Performance Standards section of the Regulations. Failure by the LID Authority to issue LID Design Criteria through its Regulations or a legal declaration of their invalidity by a court shall not act to suspend or invalidate the effect of this Bylaw.

## 5.0 PROCEDURES

Permit Procedures and Requirements shall be defined and included as part of any rules and regulations issued as permitted under Section 4 of this Bylaw.

## 6.0 ENFORCEMENT

# BYLAWS OF THE TOWN OF WINCHENDON

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6.1 The LID Authority or an authorized agent of the LID Authority shall enforce this Bylaw, regulations, orders, violation notices, and enforcement orders, and may pursue all civil and criminal remedies for such violations. The LID Authority or an authorized agent of the LID Authority may issue a written order to enforce the provisions of this Bylaw or the Regulations thereunder.

6.2 Criminal Penalty Any person, who violates any provision of this Bylaw or regulation, order or permit issued thereunder, shall be punished by a fine of not more than \$300. Each day or part thereof that such violation occurs or continues shall constitute a separate offense.

6.3 Non-Criminal Disposition As an alternative to criminal prosecution or civil action, the Town of Winchendon may elect to utilize the non-criminal disposition procedures set forth in G.L. Chapter 40, Section 21D, in which case the LID Authority or its agent shall be the enforcing party. The penalty for the 1<sup>st</sup> violation shall be \$100. The penalty for the 2<sup>nd</sup> violation shall be \$200. The penalty for the 3<sup>rd</sup> and subsequent violations shall be \$300. Each day or part thereof that such violation occurs or continues shall constitute a separate offense.

## 7.0 SEVERABILITY

The invalidity of any section, provision, paragraph, sentence, or clause of this Bylaw shall not invalidate any section, provision, paragraph, sentence, or clause thereof, nor shall it invalidate any permit or determination that previously has been issued.

## **ARTICLE 32: PAWNBROKERS** (Aug. 30, 2010)

### 32.1 Licensing authority and requirements.

A. The Board of Selectmen may license suitable persons to be pawnbrokers, pursuant to law. Such licenses shall not be valid to protect the holders thereof in a building or place other than that designated in the license, unless consent to removal is granted by the Board of Selectmen. Applications for new licenses under this rule may be filed at any time with the Board of Selectmen. Applications for the reissue of licenses already existing should be filed at least 30 days before the expiration of such licenses. All licenses issued hereunder shall expire annually on the last day of December. Persons whose licenses have expired and have not been reissued will be liable to prosecution if carrying on the business for which the license is required. Every person so licensed shall at the time of receiving such license, file a bond as provided by state law.

B. Persons who engage in or carry on the business of lending money on mortgages, deposits or pledges of wearing apparel, jewelry, ornaments, household goods or other personal property, or of purchasing such property on condition of selling the same back again at a stipulated price, when the property so mortgaged, pledged or purchased is deposited with the lender, must be licensed as pawnbrokers. This provision, however, does not apply to loans made on stock, bonds, notes or other written or printed evidence of ownership of property or of indebtedness to the holder or owner of such securities. (MGL c. 140, § 70 - 85)

# BYLAWS OF THE TOWN OF WINCHENDON

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## 32.2 Interest rates.

### A. Licensed pawnbrokers may charge the following rates of interest:

(1) For loans up to and including \$30: 2% per month (and each fraction thereof at the same rate).

(2) For loans over \$30: 2% per month (and each fraction thereof at the same rate).

B. No such pawnbrokers shall charge or receive any greater rate of interest, and interest shall be determined on the precise sum advanced by the lender.

C. No pawnbroker shall make or receive any extra charge or fee for storage, care or safekeeping of any goods, articles or things pawned with him. (MGL c. 140, § 78)

## 32.3. Police may enter and inspect premises and records.

Any officer of the Police Department may, at any time, enter upon any premises used by a licensed pawnbroker for the purposes of his business, ascertain how he conducts his business and examine all articles taken in pawn or kept or stored in or upon said premises, and all books and inventories shall be exhibited to any above named whenever a demand shall be made for such exhibition. (MGL c. 140, § 73) (Penalty for refusal. MGL c. 140, § 74)

## 32.4. Numbering of pawned articles.

Every licensed pawnbroker shall, at the time of making any loan, attach a number to the article taken in pawn, and shall make entry of such number in the book provided for by Section 32.5 (A).

## 32.5. Maintenance of records; contents; photo identification.

A. Every licensed pawnbroker shall keep a book of a style and size in which shall be legibly written in ink, in the English language, at the time of making each loan, an account and description, including all distinguishing marks and numbers, of the goods, articles or things pledged or pawned, the amount of money loaned thereon, the day and hour when it was pawned, the rate of interest to be paid on such loan, the number of such article as same. No entry made in said book shall be erased, obliterated or defaced.

B. Every pawnbroker shall photograph any person pawning or pledging articles and keep such photographs with said books as part of his records. (MGL c. 140, § 79)

C. For all loans, every pawnbroker shall also require positive identification and record the type of identification presented and record the date of birth from any person pawning or pledging any article. Positive identification shall mean any picture identification card issued by a governmental agency.

## 32.6. Pledge cards; contents; retention.

# BYLAWS OF THE TOWN OF WINCHENDON

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Each pledger shall be required by the pawnbroker to sign his name, age and address on a card. In the event that the pledger is unable to write, the pawnbroker shall fill in the name, age and address on such card, together with a notation stating that the pledger was unable to do so. Such card shall be retained seven years in an alphabetical index file to be kept on the premises by the licensed pawnbrokers.

## 32.7. Copy of required record to pledger.

Every pawnbroker shall, at the time of making such loan, deliver to the person who pawns or pledges any goods, articles or things, a memorandum or note signed by him, containing the substance of the entry required to be made in his book by the provisions of Section 32.5 (A); and no charge shall be made or required by any pawnbroker for any such entry, memorandum or note. (MGL c. 140, § 80)

## 32.8. Daily report to police.

A. Every licensed pawnbroker shall make out and deliver to the Winchendon Police Chief, every day before the hour of 10:00 a.m., a legible and correct list containing an accurate description, including all distinguishable marks and numbers of all articles taken in pawn during the preceding business day, the respective numbers of such articles as provided by Section 32.4, the amount loaned thereon, and the time when such articles were pawned. If during the preceding day no articles have been taken in pawn by such pawnbroker, he shall make out and deliver to the Police Chief before the hour of 10:00 a.m., a report of such fact.

- B. If any goods or articles pawned or pledged and in the possession of a pawnbroker are subsequently determined to be stolen property by a member of the Winchendon or State Police, or if the rightful owner identifies property in the possession of a pawnbroker and the property so identified is confirmed by a member of the Winchendon or State Police to be stolen pawned goods, upon direction by the Winchendon or State Police, said property shall be returned to the rightful owner at no cost to such owner.

## 32.9. Posting requirements.

A. Every licensed pawnbroker shall post in a conspicuous place in his shop or office a copy of the statutes, ordinances and police regulations relating to pawnbrokers, to be furnished by the Police Chief, and shall put in some suitable and conspicuous place in his shop a sign having his name and occupation legibly inscribed thereon in large letters.

B. No pawnbroker shall place or maintain any signs or devices upon or in connection with his licensed premises indicating or tending to indicate that any form of business is conducted therein which he is not legally authorized to pursue.

## 32.10. Hours of operation.

No pawnbroker shall have his shop open for the transaction of business, except between 8:00 in the morning and 9:00 in the evening of any weekday except Saturday, on which day such shop may be kept open from 8:00 in the morning until 10:00 in the evening.

## 32.11. Disposition of pledged articles.

# BYLAWS OF THE TOWN OF WINCHENDON

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A. Articles deposited in pawn with a licensed pawnbroker shall, unless redeemed, be retained by him on the premises occupied by him for his business for at least four months after the date of deposit.

B. After the expiration of the applicable period of time, he may sell the article by public auction, apply the proceeds thereof in satisfaction of the debt or demand and the expense of the notice and sale, and pay any surplus to the person entitled thereto on demand.

C. No such sale of any article which is not of a perishable nature shall be made unless not less than 10 days prior to the sale a written notice of the intended sale shall have been sent by registered mail to the person entitled to the payment of any surplus as aforesaid, addressed to his residence, as appearing in the records of such pawnbroker. Proof of registered mail shall be kept on file for one year after the date of sale.

D. No article taken in pawn by such pawnbroker shall be disposed of otherwise than as above provided, any agreement or contract between the parties thereto to the contrary notwithstanding.

E. Articles of personal apparel shall not be deemed to be of a perishable nature within the meaning of this section. (MGL c. 140, § 71)

## 32.12. Prohibitions.

A. No pawnbroker shall make a loan, directly or indirectly, to a minor, knowing or having reason to believe him to be such.

B. No pawnbroker shall loan money secured by deposit or pledge of a firearm, rifle, shotgun or machine gun. (MGL c. 140, § 13JB)

## 32.13. Complaints; disciplinary action; hearing.

A. Complaints concerning licensed pawnbrokers shall be filed with the Board of Selectmen and investigated by the Winchendon Police Chief. An investigation shall be made in all such instances.

In the event the Board of Selectmen determines that disciplinary action against a licensed pawnbroker may be appropriate, the Board shall cause to be served upon the licensed pawnbroker notice as to the time, date and place of hearing of the charge with a statement of the reasons for the proposed disciplinary action. Hearings shall be conducted in accordance with the procedure established by the Board.

The Board of Selectmen may, however, suspend or revoke a pawnbroker's license without hearing if the public health and safety so require. In such circumstances, the Board must forthwith give notice of the suspension or revocation and serve the pawnbroker by certified mail or in hand with notice of the opportunity for a hearing.

## 32.14. Suspension or revocation of license.

# BYLAWS OF THE TOWN OF WINCHENDON

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The Board of Selectmen may suspend or revoke licenses provided for by this bylaw for any cause which the Board of Selectmen deems sufficient. Offenses which may result in the suspension or revocation of a pawnbroker's license include but are not limited to the following:

- A. A violation of any section of this bylaw;
- B. A violation of any provision of the statutes regulating pawnbrokers;
- C. A violation of any provisions of any other statute or applicable law.

## Article 33 Prohibited Materials Bylaw

(May 23, 2011)

1. No person, tenant or entity, corporate or otherwise, as owner(s) or one(s) in control of premises, shall keep in the open in any area of the Town of Winchendon, any prohibited material, as the term is hereinafter defined, for more than fourteen (14) consecutive calendar days without being licensed to do so under this chapter.
  - a. "Prohibited material" shall be defined as, including but not limited to, abandoned, discarded, or unused furniture, stoves, toilets, cabinets, scrap metal, lumber, concrete, asphalt, tin cans, rope rugs, batteries, paper, trash, rubber debris, waste, and other old scrap ferrous or non-ferrous material, which is not being used for its intended purpose.
2. A license to keep any prohibited material shall be requested by filing any application in writing for such a license with the Board of Selectmen no later than fifteen (15) days after a citation has been issued. The Selectmen shall hold a public hearing upon such a request within thirty (30) days of receipt of said application, notice of which shall be published in a newspaper issued in Winchendon or a paper of general circulation in Winchendon, at least three (3) days prior to the hearing. The applicant shall pay the cost of the publishing.
3. The Selectmen may grant a license for up to one (1) year upon such condition(s) as the Selectmen deem proper to keep such prohibited material in the open after a hearing has been held and the Selectmen determine that the keeping of the same will not depreciate property value in the area, will not create a hazard to the public safety, or will not become a public nuisance. Renewals of said license shall be granted only after the procedure set forth is followed.
4. The application shall at his own expense, give notice of said hearing by mailing a notice of same prepared by the Board of Selectmen to all parties of interest, meaning abutters, owners of land directly opposite on any public or private street or way and abutters to the abutters within three hundred (300) feet of the property line, all as they may appear on the most recent applicable tax list as certified by the Board of Assessors. The Applicant shall submit an affidavit as to said notice. Renewals of said licenses shall be granted only after the procedures set forth is followed.

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5. Notwithstanding the aforesaid sections, no prohibited material shall be deemed to be “in the open” as the phrase is used in Section 1, if it is totally screened from view of any public road or way, or any way which the public has a right of access.
6. Conditions existing on the date of acceptance of this chapter which meet the definition of prohibited material must be brought into compliance within thirty (30) days after said acceptance of this chapter. Which meets the definition of prohibited material, must be brought into compliance within thirty (30) days after said acceptance.
7. The Building Commissioner and Health Agent shall be charged with the interpretation and enforcement of this Bylaw, and it may also be enforced by the Winchendon Police Department. Enforcement of this chapter may be by criminal complaint, indictment, non-criminal disposition or appropriate civil enforcement action. Selection of one method shall not preclude the selection of any method or remedy.
8. Any person or entity who is found in violation of this chapter shall be liable for a fine of twenty-five (25.00) dollars a day for the first five days and fifty (\$50.00) dollars a day every day thereafter. The days shall be counted commencing fifteen (15) days after the notice of violation is given.
9. Any clause, section or part of this chapter determined to be invalid by any judiciary for any reason, shall be severable from any other clause, section, or part, without affecting the validity of that which remains.
10. Construction sites complying with the requirements of 780 CMR and MGL chapter 40, Section 54, are exempt from the aforementioned, provided that all related construction debris is maintained in a controlled fashion as determined by the Building Official.